



# PortSIP PBX User Guide

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## Chapter 1. Getting Started with PortSIP® PBX

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This guide is designed to assist administrators deploying PortSIP products in a Windows or Linux environment, and explain a number of deployment modes, architectures, and limitations of the solution.

### 1.1 What is PortSIP PBX

PortSIP PBX (also known as **PortPBX**, **PortSIP UC Server**) is a software-based Unified Communications system for Windows and Linux that works with SIP standard-based IP Phones, Softphones, SIP Trunks and VoIP Gateways to provide a complete PBX solution – without the inflated cost and management headaches of an "**antiquated**" PBX. The SIP PBX supports not only all traditional PBX features, but also includes many new mobility and productivity features.

Calls are sent as data packets over the computer data network instead of the traditional phone network. Phones share the network with computers so no separate phone wiring is required. With the use of a VoIP Provider, SIP Trunking, you can connect existing phone lines to the PortSIP PBX to make and receive phone calls via a regular PSTN line. You can also use a VoIP Provider, which removes the requirement for a gateway. PortSIP PBX interoperates with standard SIP softphones, IP phones or smartphones, and provides internal call switching.

### 1.2 Before Started

#### Prerequisite knowledge for Linux

Deploying PortSIP PBX in a Linux environment requires planning and knowledge of session initiation protocol (SIP) audio, video call and presence, Instant Messaging (IM) administration. You should also have knowledge of the following Linux infrastructures:

#### A popular Linux distribution:

- Redhat RHEL (64-bit)
- CentOS 7.5 higher (64-bit), doesn't support 8.x
- Debian 9.5 higher (64-bit)
- Ubuntu 16.04 or higher (64-bit)
- Docker
- IPv4/IPv6
- Systemd
- IP tables

- Firewall
- UFW

This document assumes that the Linux OS is already deployed and administrators of PortSIP PBX have been allocated with the root permission to Linux.

## **Prerequisite knowledge for Windows**

Deploying PortSIP PBX in a Windows environment requires planning and knowledge of session initiation protocol (SIP) audio, video call and presence, Instant Messaging (IM) administration. You should also have knowledge of the following Windows infrastructures:

A Windows desktop or Windows server OS:

- Windows 10 (64-bit)
- Windows Server 2012 R2
- Windows Server 2016 R2 or higher
- IPv4/IPv6
- Windows firewall

This document assumes that the Windows OS is already deployed and administrators of PortSIP PBX have been allocated with the administrator permission to Windows.

## **Cloud and Virtualization Environment Supported**

To build high-availability communication solution to help clients reducing cost and improving communication performance, PortSIP PBX commits support on cloud services and have confirmed compatibility with following cloud and virtualized environment:

- VMware ESX 5.X and above.
- Linux HyperV
- Microsoft HyperV 2012 R2 and above
- Microsoft AZURE
- Amazon AWS
- Google Cloud
- Digital Ocean
- UCloud
- Alibaba Cloud
- Tencent Cloud

## **System performance depends on following key factors:**

- Maximum simultaneous calls needed for PBX
- Maximum online users needed for PBX
- Recordings for calls
- Recording audio only or both of audio and video
- Maximum online users for audio/video conferences on PBX
- Maximum IVRs (Virtual Receptionist) on PBX
- Maximum Call Queues on PBX
- Maximum Ring Groups on PBX

Depending on the key features listed above, PortSIP PBX is able to run on PCs and servers with various CPUs ranging from Intel i3 CPUs to Inter Xeon.

## Other Requirements

- Latest Firefox, Google Chrome
- Microsoft .NET Framework version 4.5 or higher
- Knowledge of Linux and Linux Internet administration
- Knowledge of Windows and Windows Internet administration
- A constant Internet connection to stun4.l.google.com on port 19302

## FQDN Support

Although PortSIP PBX is designed to be able to run on servers without FQDN specified, we recommend to specify FQGN with following advantages:

- Easier access to management console for PortSIP PBX
- Easier management of IP phones and clients after IP address change for PBX
- Convenient access to HTTPS when accessing management console

The FQDN you are using must be able to be resolved correctly into the server with PortSIP PBX installed in LAN. If PortSIP PBX is installed on public network, FQDN must be resolved correctly into the public network address for server with PBX installed.

## 1.3 Getting Help and Support Resources

You can find the guide, manual, video tutorials at the [PortSIP Knowledge Base](#), or send email to [support@portsip.com](mailto:support@portsip.com) to obtain the support.

# Chapter 2. Installation of PortSIP® PBX

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This chapter provides the instructions for installing the PortSIP PBX on Windows and Linux.

## 2.1 Downloading PortSIP PBX

The latest free edition of PortSIP PBX could always be found and downloaded at [PortSIP Website](#). It's available for both 64-bit Windows and Linux, but not for 32-bit version.

The free edition of PortSIP PBX offers a maximum of 3 simultaneous calls and unlimited extensions (users). If you require more simultaneous calls, please refer to [License Section](#) for more details.

You will get the installer after download completed.

## 2.2 Installing PortSIP PBX on Linux

From v12, PortSIP PBX Linux edition is migrated to docker environment, which does not support RPM and Deb installer.

### Preparing the Linux Host Machine for Installation

Tasks that MUST be completed before installing PortSIP PBX:

- If the Linux on which PBX will be installed is located in LAN, assign a static LAN IP address; if it's in public network, please assign static IP address for public network
- Install all available updates & service packs before installing PortSIP PBX
- Do not install VPN software on your PortSIP PBX Server
- Do not install **PostgreSQL** on your PortSIP PBX Server
- Ensure that all power saving options for your System and Network adapters are disabled (by setting the system to High Performance)
- Do not install TeamViewer, VPN and other similar software on the host machine
- PortSIP PBX must not be installed on a host which is a DNS or DHCP server
- Below ports must be permitted by your firewall.

UDP: 45000– 65000, 33000 - 34999 TCP: 8899– 8900、8881、8882、8883、8884、8887、8888、9333、10443

**Note:** if your server is a cloud server, you will also need open the ports on your cloud platform firewall rule for above ports.

- Make sure that below ports have not been used by other programs:

UDP: 45000– 65000, 33000 - 34999 TCP: 8899– 8900、8881、8882、8883、8884、8887、8888、9333、10443

### Installing a fresh PortSIP PBX v12.3

- To install the PortSIP PBX for Linux, please refer to: [Setup PortSIP PBX for Linux](#)

### Configuring Linux Firewall Rules

After having successfully installed PortSIP PBX, you must setup the Linux Firewall Rules to enable PortSIP PBX working properly. If your server has a firewall which is blocking the ports, you must open the below ports in order to make the PortSIP PBX working properly.

- UDP ports: **45000– 65000, 33000 - 34999** . These ports are used for the RTP sessions.
- TCP: **8899– 8900, 8881, 8882, 8883, 8884, 8887, 8888, 9333, 10443**. These ports are used for the Server control and WebRTC Gateway transport.
- UDP: **5060**. This is the default UDP transport for SIP communications (to send and receive SIP signaling).

You also need to open the port that you are using for adding new transport:

- Assume you have added a TLS transport on port 5063, you must open TCP port 5063 in your firewall

- Assume you have added a TCP transport on port 5061, you must open TCP port 5061 in your firewall
- Assume you have added a WS transport on port 5065, you must open TCP port 5065 in your firewall
- Assume you have added a WSS transport on port 5067, you must open TCP port 5067 in your firewall
- Assume you have added a UDP transport on port 5068, you must open UDP port 5068 in your firewall

**Note:** if your server is a cloud server, you will also need open the ports on your cloud platform firewall rule for above ports.

## 2.3 Installing PortSIP PBX on Windows

### Preparing the Windows Host Machine for Installation

Tasks that MUST be completed before installing PortSIP PBX.

- If the Windows PC / server on which PBX will be installed is located in LAN, assign a static LAN IP address; if it's in public network, assign a static IP address for public network.
- Install all available Windows updates & service packs before installing PortSIP PBX. The reboot after installing Windows updates may reveal additional updates. Pay particular attention to install all updates for Microsoft .Net before running the PortSIP PBX installation.
- Anti-virus Software should not scan the following directories to avoid complications and write access delays: C:\Program Files\PortSIP; C:\Programdata\PortSIP
- Do not install VPN, TeamViewer software on your PortSIP PBX Server
- Do not install **PostgreSQL** on your PortSIP PBX Server
- Ensure the "**Windows Firewall**" service has been started.
- Ensure that all power saving options for your System and Network adapters are disabled (by setting the system to High Performance).
- Disable Bluetooth adapters if it is a Windows client PC.
- PortSIP PBX must not be installed on a host which is a DNS or DHCP server, or that has MS SharePoint or Exchange services installed.
- Below ports must be permitted by your firewall:  
UDP: 45000– 65000, 33000 - 34999 TCP: 8899– 8900、8881、8882、8883、8884、8887、8888、9333、10443
- Make sure that below ports have not been used by other programs:  
UDP: 45000– 65000, 33000 - 34999 TCP: 8899– 8900、8881、8882、8883、8884、8887、8888、9333、10443
- Ensure your Windows Firewall is enabled

**Note:** if your server is a cloud server, you will also need open the ports on your cloud platform firewall rule for above ports.

## Installing the PortSIP PBX

To install PortSIP PBX, you only need to double-click the installer, which will guide you through the installation process.

PortSIP PBX services will automatically start after successful installation (and there after every time your computer starts up).

**Important: during installation, when you choose the folders for the PBX, below two folders must not same!!**

PortSIP PBX Setup

### Choose a file location

To install in this folder, click "Next". To install to a different folder, enter it below or click "Browse".

C:\Program Files\PortSIP\ Browse...

To install user data in this folder, click "Next". To install to a different folder, enter it below or click "Browse".

C:\ProgramData\PortSIP\ Browse...

Total space required on drive:	692 MB
Space available on drive:	24 GB
Remaining free space on drive:	23 GB

< Back Next >

## Configuring Windows Firewall Rules

After successfully installed PortSIP PBX, you must setup the Windows Firewall Rules to enable PortSIP PBX working properly.

If your server has a firewall which is blocking the ports, you must open the below ports in order to make the PortSIP PBX working properly.

- UDP ports: **45000– 65000, 33000 - 34999** . These ports are used for the RTP sessions.
- TCP: **8899– 8900, 8881, 8882, 8883, 8884, 8887, 8888, 9333, 10443**. These ports are used for the Server control and WebRTC Gateway transport.
- UDP: **5060**. This is the default UDP transport for SIP communications (to send and receive SIP signaling).

You also need to open the port that you are using for adding new transport:

- Assume you have added a TLS transport on port 5063, you must open TCP port 5063 in your firewall
- Assume you have added a TCP transport on port 5061, you must open TCP port 5061 in your firewall
- Assume you have added a WS transport on port 5065, you must open TCP port 5065 in your firewall
- Assume you have added a WSS transport on port 5067, you must open TCP port 5067 in your firewall
- Assume you have added a UDP transport on port 5068, you must open UDP port 5068 in your firewall

**IMPORTANT:** If you running the PBX on the cloud platform such as AWS, and the cloud platform has the firewall itself, you **MUST** open the ports on the cloud platform firewall too.

## 2.4 Preparing for upgrading from v12.0 / v12.1

If your currently installation is v12.2.x, please skip this 2.4 section.

**Warning:** since the trunk and inbound rule settings has been changed, please pay attention to below issues::

- If you have the inbound rule in v12.0/12.1 which is assigned with more than one trunk/provider, once upgraded to v12.3, the rule will keep one trunk/provider for this inbound rule only.
- You must check all inbound rules of all tenants. If the DID number mask for the inbound rule contains a range, wildcard or multiple numbers, you must replace it with a single number or a single \* before upgrading as inbound rule may only include single \* or a specific number in v12.3.

For example, if there is an inbound rule in v12.1 for which the DID number mask is 123;210-220;56\*; \*89, you must modify it to a single number as inbound rule may only include single \* or a specific number in v12.3.

Before upgrade to v12.3, we recommend you backup your currently v12.0/v12.1 PBX:

- Sign in Web Management Console of PortSIP PBX v12
- Click menu "**Advanced** > **Backup**", click the "**Backup**" button and follow the instructions to backup the PBX
- After the backup completed, click the "..." of the backup file to download and save it
- If failed to upgrade the PBX, you can restore your PBX from the saved backup file, please see the [section 11.8](#).

### Linux:

Open new ports on firewall for v12.3.

CentOS:



```
$ firewall-cmd --permanent --service=portsip-pbx --add-port=8882-8884/tcp
$ firewall-cmd --reload
```

Debian / Ubuntu

```
$ ufw allow 8882:8884/udp
$ ufw reload
```

## 2.5 Upgrading

### Windows

1. Go to **c:/programdata/portsip** folder, delete all **\*.bak** files and folders
2. Download new installer
3. After downloaded the v12.3 installer for Windows, you only need to double-click the installer, which will guide you through the upgrade process.

### Linux

Please perform below commands to upgrade (from v12.0 / v12.1 / v12.2.x).

#### Note:

- The **IP\_ADDRESS** is the IP address of your PBX server. In this case it is 66.175.222.20, you will need to change it by yourself.
- The **POSTGRES\_PASSWORD** is used to specify the PortSIP DB password. In this case we will use 123456, you can change it by yourself.
- if you want the PortSIP PBX to restart automatically if the Linux is restarted, please add **--restart=always** parameter in to below command.

```
$ docker stop -t 120 portsip-pbx
$ docker rm -f portsip-pbx
$ cd /var/lib/portsip
$ sudo rm -rf *.bak
$ docker pull portsip/pbx:12
$ docker container run -d --name portsip-pbx --cap-add=SYS_PTRACE --network=host
-v /var/lib/portsip:/var/lib/portsip -e POSTGRES_PASSWORD="123456" -e
POSTGRES_LISTEN_ADDRESSES="*" -e IP_ADDRESS="66.175.222.20" portsip/pbx:12
```

## 2.5 Avoiding HTTPS Certificate Security Warnings

PortSIP PBX listens on 8888 port for providing HTTP portal to access the PBX Management Console. Assume your server IP is 172.217.14.16, you should open this URL: <http://172.217.14.16:8888> by your browser. Note: Chrome and Firefox is recommended, please don't use IE.

PortSIP PBX listens on 8887 port for providing HTTPS portal to access the PBX Management Console.

Assume your server IP is 172.217.14.16, you should open this URL: <https://172.217.14.16:8887> by your browser. Note: Chrome and Firefox is recommended. Please do not use IE.

For HTTPS portal default usage of the self-signed SSL certificate will cause the browser popup SSL certificate security warning.

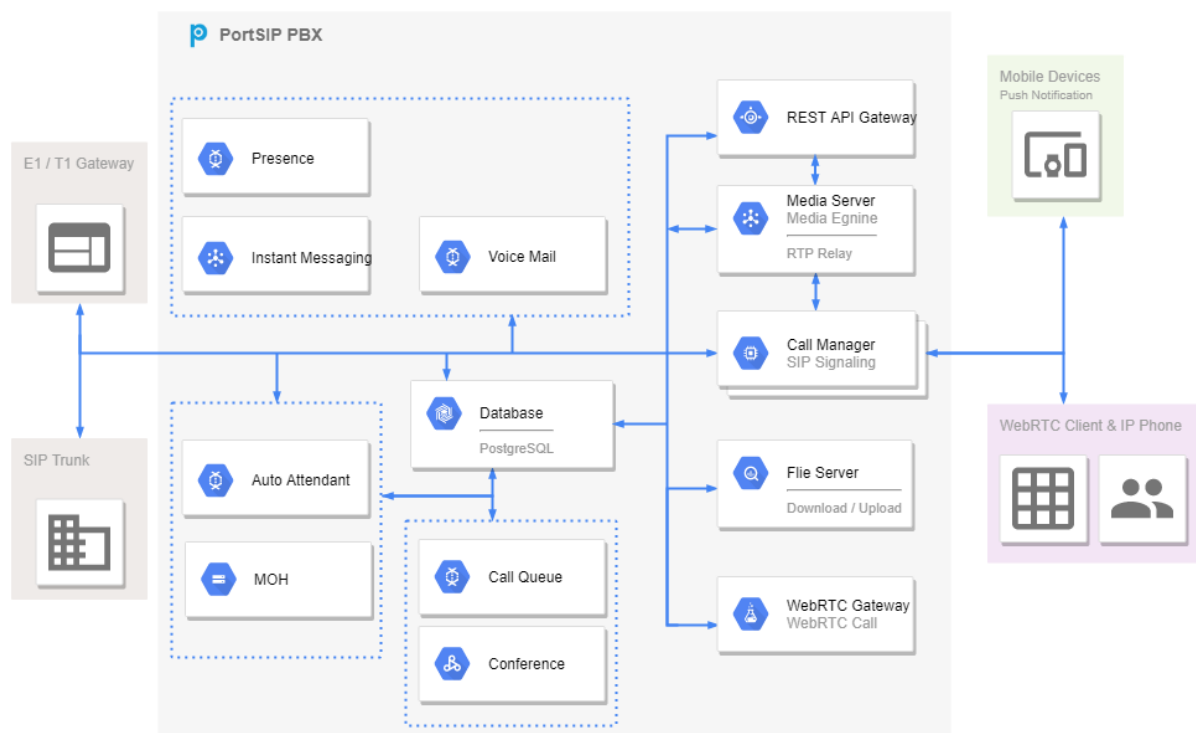
To avoid SSL certificate warning, you will need to purchase a Signed Certificate (which is an authorized certificate issued by trustworthy certificate authority) to replace the self-signed one. To do this, please:

- Go to Thawte or Versign or other certificate providers to purchase a SSL certificate. Save the private key as **portsip.key**
- After you have obtained the SSL certificate, rename the certificate to portsip.crt
- On Linux, Copy the **portsip.crt** and **portsip.key** to `/var/lib/portsip/certificates` to replace the existing **portsip.crt** and **portsip.key**
- On Windows copy the **portsip.crt** and **portsip.key** to below path:  
`C:\ProgramData\PortSIP\certificates` to replace the existing **portsip.crt** and **portsip.key**
- Now you can sign in PortSIP PBX Management Console by URL <https://yourpbx.com:8887>

Note: You may also obtain SSL certificate from [Let's Encrypt](https://letsencrypt.org/) for free.

## Chapter 3. Architecture and deployment of PortSIP® PBX

PortSIP PBX consists of various components, including Call Manager, Media Server, REST API Gateway, File Server, WebRTC Gateway, Database, Call Queue, Conference, Voicemail, MOH, Auto Attendant, Instant Messaging, and Presence Server. Below is a high level architectural diagram about how it works.



PortSIP PBX could be deployed in wide range of scenarios. It is supported in LAN and Internet, as well as popular cloud platforms, such as AZURE, AWS, Digital Ocean and Google Cloud, UCloud, Tencent Cloud, Alibaba Cloud. After successful installation of PortSIP PBX with setup wizard, all you need is a few clicks to make it running.

## Running the PortSIP PBX Configuration Wizard

The PortSIP PBX configuration wizard will guide you through a number of essential tasks to get your system up and running. PortSIP PBX listens on 8888 port for providing HTTP portal to access the PBX Management Console, and listens on 8887 port for providing HTTPS portal. More details please read the [2.4 section](#).

- Access the PBX Management Console by visiting <http://pbxserverip:8888>. (Note, don't use the IE browser)
- Enter the Username and Password (defaulted as "**admin**" for both) and click the "**Sign in**" button. Note that both the Username and Password are case sensitive. The "**Setup Wizard**" will be displayed which will guide you through the initial configuration step by step

You may change the default Username and Password for "**admin**" by navigating to "**Profile**" > "**General**" in PortSIP PBX Management Console.

## 3.1 Deploying PortSIP PBX in LAN

Assuming that PortSIP PBX is deployed in LAN with Internet connection, the server/PC has installed the PBX and the private IP is 192.168.0.16. As the PBX is connected to SIP trunk or VoIP provider, users can not only make & receive calls in LAN, but also make & receive external calls with PSTN number and mobile users via services provided by pre-configured SIP trunk or VoIP providers.

The screenshot shows the 'Configure Network Environment' step of the PortSIP PBX configuration wizard. At the top, there are four numbered steps: 1. Configure Network Environment (active), 2. Configure SIP Domain, 3. Configure Transport protocol, and 4. Configure Mail Server. Below the steps, there are input fields for 'Web Domain:', 'Private IPv4:', 'Public IPv4:', 'Private IPv6:', and 'Public IPv6:'. The 'Private IPv4:' field is pre-filled with '192.168.0.16'. At the bottom, there are 'Next' and 'Cancel' buttons.

1	2	3	4
Configure Network Environment	Configure SIP Domain	Configure Transport protocol	Configure Mail Server

Web Domain:

Private IPv4:

Public IPv4:

Private IPv6:

Public IPv6:

### Step 1:

Enter the Public IPv4 if you have a **static public IP** of your LAN. Do not enter the Public IPv4 if your public IP is dynamic.

**Note the loopback interface (127.0.0.1) is unacceptable.** Only the static IP for LAN where the PBX is located is allowed (do not use DHCP dynamic IP). This private IP must be reachable by your SIP client.

The IP address entered here is the SIP server address for PBX. It is required when a SIP client or SIP IP phone registers to PortSIP PBX.

The screenshot shows a configuration wizard with four steps: 1. Configure Network Environment (completed), 2. Configure SIP Domain (current step), 3. Configure Transport protocol, and 4. Configure Mail Server. The 'SIP Domain' field contains 'portsip.io'. Navigation buttons 'Previous', 'Next', and 'Cancel' are at the bottom.

Step	Label
1	Configure Network Environment
2	Configure SIP Domain
3	Configure Transport protocol
4	Configure Mail Server

SIP Domain:

Previous Next Cancel

### Step 2:

You will now need to enter your SIP domain here. The SIP domain is usually a FQDN (Full Qualified Domain Name). You could use IP address instead if you don't have an FQDN. The SIP domain does not have to be resolvable, it's used for PBX authentication purpose only.

After setting up the domain (in this case it is portsip.io), the extension SIP URI will be sip:xxx@[portsip.io](https://portsip.io). For example, the extension 101 SIP address would be: sip:[101@portsip.io](https://portsip.io). If you don't want to use domain, enter the private IP (for example: 192.168.0.16) of the PC/Server which has installed the PortSIP PBX instead of the domain (FQDN). In this case the extension 101 SIP address would be: sip:101@192.168.0.16.

The screenshot shows the configuration wizard at Step 3: Configure Transport protocol. Steps 1 and 2 are completed. The 'Transport protocol' dropdown is set to 'UDP' and the 'Port' field is '5060'. Navigation buttons 'Previous' and 'Next' are at the bottom.

Step	Label
1	Configure Network Environment
2	Configure SIP Domain
3	Configure Transport protocol
4	Configure Mail Server

Transport protocol:

UDP

Port:

5060

Previous Next

### Step 3:

You can set transport layer protocol for the SIP here, with the default transport UDP on port 5060.

**Note:** You can add more transports in PortSIP PBX Management Console after this Wizard.

#### Step 4:

Setup mail server. You may setup the mail server in this step for receiving notifications, voicemails, conference invitations and CDR downloads. You can use your SMTP server or Gmail SMTP server.

**Note:** This step is not mandatory. You may choose to setup SMTP server whenever necessary.

By clicking the “**Apply**” button, you have now completed the initial configuration of PortSIP PBX. You will be redirected to Management Console.

## 3.2 Deploying PortSIP PBX in the cloud

PortSIP PBX can be deployed on popular cloud platforms such as AWS, GCE, AZURE, Digital Ocean, Alibaba Cloud, UCloud, Tencent Cloud.

In this section we will use the AWS as an example, as the other cloud platforms are quite similar to the way how AWS works.

When PortSIP PBX is deployed on AWS, user can make or answer calls through PortSIP PBX with other users through Internet, and make or answer external calls via SIP trunk or VoIP provider.

Please refer to [Creating an AWS account](#) if you do not have an AWS account, and you will need to launch an EC2 instance for installing the PortSIP PBX.

Allocate New Address

Actions

Filter by attributes or search by keyword

<input type="checkbox"/>	Elastic IP	Instance	Private IP Address
<input type="checkbox"/>	54.183.120.146	i-5290b492 (Windows_PUCS)	172.31.16.207

#### Step 1:

On the left bar of AWS EC2 Management Console, choose “**Elastic IPs**”. As you see the “**Elastic IP**”, please write it down for future use. If the “**Elastic IPs**” does not exist, click “**Allocate New Address**”, and associate the Elastic IP to your instance.

1 Configure Network Environment

2 Configure SIP Domain

3 Configure Transport protocol

4 Configure Mail Server

Web Domain :

Private IPv4 :

Public IPv4 :

Private IPv6 :

Public IPv6 :

Next

## Step 2:

In the Configuration Wizard of PortSIP PBX, enter the private IP of AWS EC2 as "**Private IPv4**", and enter the "**Elastic IP**" of AWS EC2 as "**Public IPv4**".

Now remaining steps are same to the "[3.1 Deploy PortSIP PBX in LAN](#)"

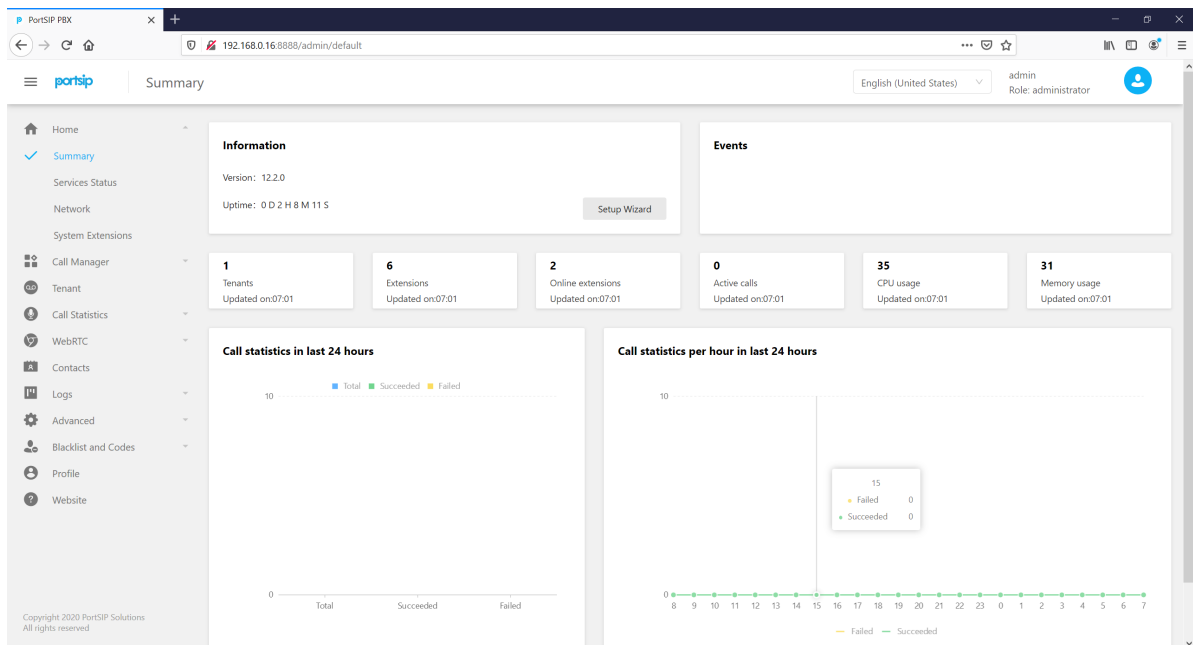
## 3.3 Deploying PortSIP PBX in other scenarios

If you would like to deploy PortSIP PBX in other scenarios which are not mentioned above, you will need to get the server IP address (public IP and private IP) and enter in the PBX setup wizard and follow the Configuration Wizard for deployment.

**Note:** if the server only has public IP but no private IP, please enter the public IP for both Private IPv4 and Public IPv4.

## Chapter 4. PBX Overview

### 4.1 Summary



In this page we can have an overview of the PBX statistics:

- Version
- Uptime
- Events
- Extensions
- Tenants
- Active Calls
- CPU and memory usage
- Call statistics for the past 24 hours

## 4.2 Services Status

Type	Server	Status
Media Server	__DEFAULT__	RUNNING
Conference Server	__DEFAULT__	RUNNING
MOH Server	MOH Server	RUNNING
Virtual Receptionist Server	Virtual Receptionist Server	RUNNING
Call Queue Server	Call Queue Server	RUNNING
Voice Mail Server	Voice Mail Server	RUNNING
Call Manager Server	Call Manager Server	RUNNING
Database Server	Database Server	RUNNING
WebRTC Gateway Server	WebRTC Gateway Server	RUNNING
SBC Server	SBC Server	RUNNING

You may navigate to **“Home > Service Status”** menu in the PortSIP PBX System Management Console to quickly view if all PortSIP PBX system services are working correctly.

## 4.3 Network

This section provides an overview of the general network configurations of PBX, including DNS Server, PBX IP, SIP domain, transports. These settings are useful for SIP clients to register to PBX.

## 4.4 System extensions

PortSIP PBX defines services such as Virtual Receptionist (auto attendant), Conferencing, Ring Group, Call Queue, voicemail and Music on Hold as system extensions, which could be used by PBX only. To check if the system services are correctly registered to PBX, please go to **"Home > System Extensions"** menu in the PortSIP PBX System Management Console.

### ##Chapter 5. Call Manager

After completing the Configuration Wizard, you may manage PortSIP PBX in the Management Console.

## 5.1 Domain and Transport

The SIP domain is used during client registration and calling, and it should match the domain part of your own SIP address on your phone - i.e. if other people are going to call your phone, they must use that domain name as part of the SIP address they use to reach you. The domain can be a FQDN or the IP address, for example **"portsip.io"** or **"192.168.0.16"**.

The SIP domain is configured within **"Setup Wizard"** when you sign into Management Console for the first time. To modify a SIP domain, go to **"Call Manager > Domain and Transport"**, and click **"Edit"** button to enter new SIP domain and save.



### SIP Domain

portsip.io

Edit

### Transports

Add

Refresh

Protocol	Port	Status	
UDP	5060	Active	⋮

PortSIP PBX supports a wide range of transports, including UDP, TCP, TLS, WS (WebSocket), WSS (WebSocket Security) for SIP message. You need to configure the transport, and set the ports to use when listening for SIP messages.

The default transport has been configured with **“Setup Wizard”**. To make changes, you need to select the **“Call Manager > Domain and Transport”** menu, and click **“Add”** button in **“Transports”** section. The domain must be added before you add a new transport.

**Note:** only administrator are allowed to create or delete SIP transport. When deleting, at least one transport must be left around.

## Add UDP/TCP/WS transport

To add UDP/TCP/WS transport:

- Click the **“Add”** button, choose the UDP/TCP/WS in **“Transport protocol”** box. The default Transport Port for UDP/TCP/WS is 5060/5063/5062. You may specify another port as you like, but the port must not be in use by other applications
- Click the **“Apply”** button to add the transport

## Add TLS/WSS transport

To add the TLS/WSS transport with self-signed certificate: First of all, prepare the certificate files.

- You have to generate the certificate files by yourself if you have not purchased certificates from a third-party certificate provider. Please download the certificate file tool from [PortSIP website](#) (or run *PortCertMaker.exe* in the installation path of PBX), enter your SIP domain. Once clicked **“Generate”** button, certificate files will be generated automatically.

- The certificates include three files (assume your SIP domain is portsip.io):  
domain\_key\_portsip.io.pem domain\_cert\_portsip.io.pem root\_cert\_portsip.io.pem

You can also follow below steps if you would like to purchase certificate files from a third-party provider (assume purchased certificate for portsip.io):

- Generate the CSR file and private key file according to provider's guide, and keep the files. If you have set the password when generating the private key file, remember it for future use;
- Rename the private key file as domain\_key\_portsip.io.pem
- Submit the CRS file to provider, and download the certificate files after your certificates approved. This step will end up with two files: Intermediate CA certificate and SSL certificate
- Use a plain text editor for example Windows Notepad (do not use MS Word) to open the Intermediate CA file and SSL certificate file, copy the Intermediate CA contents to append to the SSL certificate file, and rename SSL certificate file as domain\_cert\_portsip.io.pem
- Download the root certificate from your SSL provider and rename it as root\_cert\_portsip.io.pem
- Click **"Add"** button and choose the TLS or WSS in **"Transport protocol"** box. The default Transport Port for TLS/WSS 5063/5065. You may specify another port as you like, but the port must not be in use by other applications
- Click the Upload button to choose the certificate files that you have generated for uploading, **"domain\_cert\_portsip.io.pem"** for the **"Certificate file"**, **"domain\_key\_portsip.io.pem"** for the **"Private key file"**, and **"root\_cert\_portsip.io.pem"** for the **"Root certificate file"**.
- Enter the **"Certificate Private Key Password"**. This password is the one that you entered when generating the certificate files in previous steps. Leave it blank if you don't have it
- Click the **"Apply"** button to add the transport

## Firewall for new added transports

You have to edit your firewall rules to permit the port that you specified for the transports. For example, you have added below transports in PortSIP PBX: UDP: 5060 TCP: 5061 TLS: 5063 WS: 5064 WSS: 5065

Then you must add below firewall rules for your PortSIP PBX: UDP: 5060 from IP: 0.0.0.0(anywhere) TCP: 5061 from IP: 0.0.0.0(anywhere) TLS: 5063 from IP: 0.0.0.0(anywhere) TCP: 5064 from IP: 0.0.0.0(anywhere) TCP: 5065 from IP: 0.0.0.0(anywhere)

## 5.2 Phones

### Phone Auto Provisioning

Once PortSIP PBX is installed, you can configure your IP phones and assign an extension to each phone.

Phones can be configured one by one manually using their web interface, which is time consuming and leads to many errors; Or by using phone provisioning feature offered by PortSIP PBX, which makes it possible to manage phones centrally and remotely and without having to login to the phone's web interface one by one. Using this method you instruct the phone to retrieve its configuration from PortSIP PBX.

Phone provisioning greatly eases day to day management of IP phones. It makes it easy to change extension passwords, BLF lights and so on because you can do it centrally for all phones from the PortSIP PBX Management Console and then push the changes to the phone. The following provisioning methods are supported:

- Plug and Play - Supported IP phones can be provisioned automatically using plug and play (Applicable for phones on the local LAN)
- Via RPS - For the Yealink, Fanvil, Htek IP Phones, they can be provisioned by the RPS
- Via Manual Provisioning URL - Supported IP phones can be provisioned by entering the provisioning URL into the phone's web interface (Applicable for local, remote and SBC extensions)
- Via DHCP Option 66 - Legacy phones (from a previous PBX installation, e.g. Polycom, Cisco or Aastra) can be provisioned via DHCP for use in the local LAN only. Some limitations apply

You can find a list of supported and legacy phones [here](#). Additional half an hour to provision the phones saves more hours from future efforts!

## Provisioning phones by using Plug and Play (for local LAN)



Note\*\*: PnP provisioning requires that the PortSIP PBX runs on the default sip port 5060 and that the IP phones resides on the same local LAN subnet as PortSIP PBX.

To auto provision phones using Plug and Play:

1. Plug the phone into the network
2. The phone will send a multicast message across the LAN, this will be picked up by PortSIP PBX
3. The phone will show up in the **"Call Manager > Phones"** menu in the PortSIP PBX Management Console as a new phone
4. Assign the phone to an existing extension or create a new one for the phone

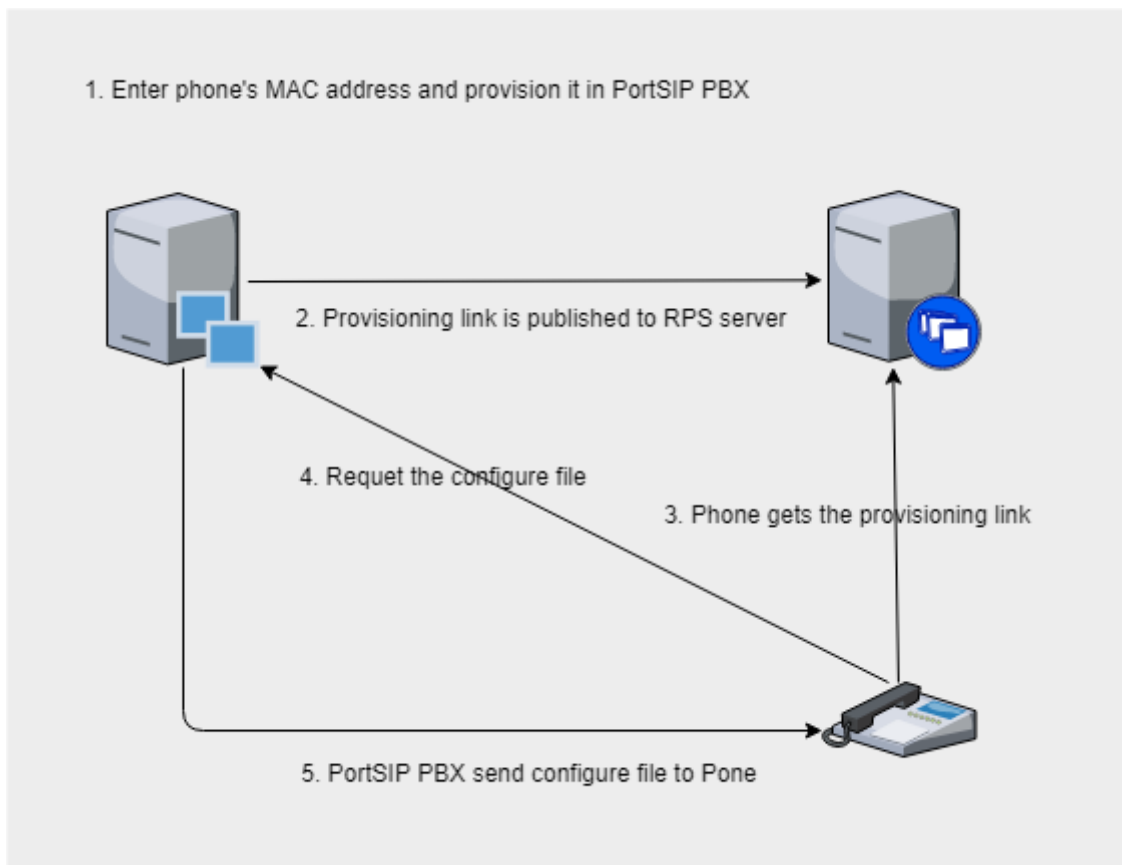
5. Go to the extension's "**Phone Provisioning**" tab and specify other configuration settings for the phone
6. Enter the password for access IP Phone web UI
7. Select "**Phone Display Language**" and "**Timezone**" for the phone
8. Click "**OK**"
9. The PBX send the configuration file URL to IP Phone, IP phone will download the configuration file
10. The phone will apply the settings and connect to PortSIP PBX. The IP phone will be manageable from within the PortSIP PBX Management Console

## Provisioning Phones using provisioning link manually

Remote phones that are not in same LAN with PortSIP PBX, it must be configured manually by the provisioning link. To provision a remote phone:

1. From the "**Call Manager > Phones**" menu in the PortSIP PBX Management Console, select "**Add Phone**".
2. Select the extension that the phone uses.
3. Enter the MAC address of the phone (which can be found at the bottom of the phone).
4. Select the appropriate phone model from the drop down menu.
5. Select "**Phone Display Language**" and "**Timezone**" for the phone.
6. Enter the password for access IP Phone web UI
7. Click "**Apply**" button and then edit this extension.
8. Copy the provisioning link.
9. Insert the provisioning link manually into the phones. You can find it in "**Phone Provisioning**" tab of extension configuration.

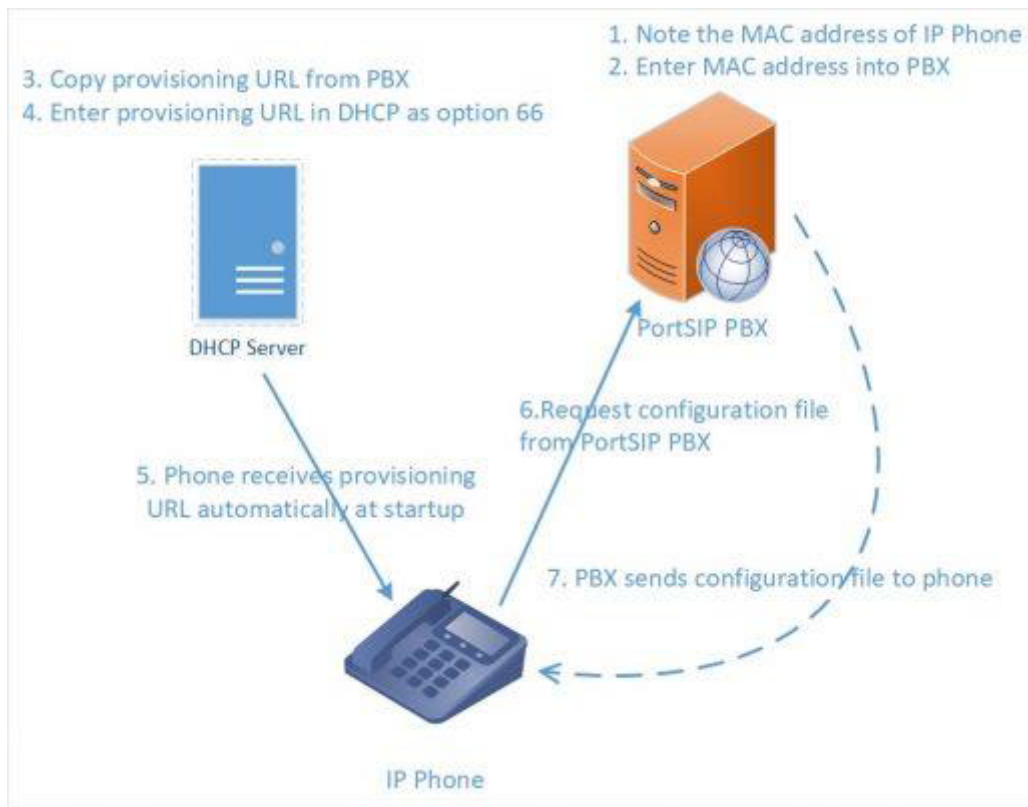
## Provisioning remote Phones by RPS



In the case PortSIP PBX locates in cloud, IP Phones can be auto provisioned via RPS (RPS is a service provided by IP Phone vendors). PortSIP PBX supports for Yealink, Htek, and Fanvil RPS. If you are using the IP Phone from one of the providers above, you may configure your IP Phone in a very easy way, without the need to manually copy the auto provisioning link (in this scenario the PnP mode is unavailable).

1. From the **"Call Manager > Phones"** menu in the PortSIP PBX Management Console, select **"Add Phone"**.
2. Select the extension that the phone uses.
3. Enter the MAC address of the phone (which can be found at the bottom of the phone).
4. Select the appropriate phone model from the drop down menu.
5. Select **"Phone Display Language"** and **"Timezone"** for the phone.
6. Enter the password for access IP Phone web UI
7. Click **"Apply"** button, the PortSIP PBX will writes the provisioning link to the IP Phone's RPS. Once the IP Phone is started, it will query the provisioning link with its MAC address to complete the auto provisioning.

## Provisioning Legacy phones: Cisco, Polycom & Aastra



Cisco, Polycom and Aastra phones do not support plug and play nor secure HTTPS provisioning with a Let's encrypt Root CA or self-signed CA. They can only be used on the local LAN and must be provisioned as follows:

1. Download the firmware that has been tested by PortSIP with the legacy phones.
2. Factory reset your phones to ensure that there are no old settings that might conflict with the new configuration. Find out how here for Aastra, Cisco, Cisco SPA and Polycom SoundPoint / SoundStation.
3. Now add the phone to an extension. You can do this from the phones page or you can go straight to the extension, provisioning tab. Click **"Add Phone"**.
4. Select your phone model
5. Enter the MAC address of the phone. You will be taken to the provisioning page
6. Select **"Phone Display Language"** and **"Timezone"** for the phone
7. Enter the password for access IP Phone web UI
8. Click **"Apply"** to add the phone to the extension
9. IMPORTANT: Please take note of the provisioning link shown on **"Auto Provisioning"** tab.

Now configure the phone to retrieve the configuration from the PortSIP provisioning folder. Use DHCP option 66 or configure the phones manually via their web interface with the PortSIP provisioning link. Cisco 7940/7960 phones must be provisioned using TFTP and DHCP option 66.

## Detailed Step by Step guides for legacy phones:

[Provisioning Polycom IP Phones](#)

[Provisioning Cisco 7940/ 7941/ 7960 /7961 phones](#)

[Provisioning Cisco SPA 302, 303, 501G, 502G, 504G, 508G, 509G, 525G/G2](#)

[Provisioning Aastra 6730i, 6731i, 6739i, 6751i, 6753i, 6755i, 6757i](#)

## See Also

Remote phones? Read our guide on [Provisioning a Remote Extension](#).

Using [Provisioning IP Phone via DHCP 66](#) to configure the provisioning URL for legacy phones.

See the list of [Supported IP Phones](#) by PortSIP PBX.

[Setting up a TFTP server](#) for firmware updates.

[Factory resetting](#) Aastra, Cisco, Cisco SPA, Gigaset, Panasonic, Polycom SoundPoint, Polycom Soundstation, Yealink.

[PnP auto provision IP Phone Multicast Debug](#)

## 5.3 Managing Phones

PortSIP PBX provides an easy way to monitor and manage your phones and softphones throughout your network. The “**Call manager > Phones**” menu in the PortSIP PBX Management Console allows you to:

- View all the phones in the network, including IP and MAC.
- View all PortSIP Clients connected in softphone mode.
- Check the firmware version that the phone is running.
- Remotely reboot one or all of the phones.
- Re-provision the phones.
- Launch the admin interface of the phone.
- Monitor security of extension password and PIN. Weak extension passwords and PINs are the most common cause of security breaches.

## Adding Phones

You can add phones to PortSIP PBX in the following ways:

- Plug and Play - Plug in the phone in the local LAN
- By MAC - for legacy phones
- By RPS - for remote phones

### Plug and Play (LAN & SBC)

If you are connecting a supported phone that is on the same LAN as PortSIP PBX, you will see the phone appear on the phones page, with its entry in BOLD. This means PortSIP PBX has detected a new phone on the network that you need to process.

Select the phone and decide to:

1. Assign the phone to an existing extension. Click “**Assign Ext**” You will be prompted for the extension number.
2. Create a new extension for the phone. Click the “**Add Ext**” button. You will be taken to the create extension page and prompted for Extension name and number. Click “**OK**” to create the extension.

3. Reject the phone. If the phone does not look familiar to you, or it has not been authorized for use with PortSIP PBX, you can **"Reject"** to delete the provisioning request.

## By MAC - for legacy phones

You can add new legacy phones that do not support plug and play, as follows:

1. Click **"Add Phone"** from the **"Phones"** tab.
2. Select extension this phone uses.
3. Now select the phone model.
4. Enter the MAC address of the device and click **"OK"**.
5. You will be taken to the provisioning page of that extension.
6. You can optionally configure other settings for the phone.
7. When done, click **"Save"** to add the phone to the extension.
8. Configure the DHCP server to serve the configuration URL, or configure it from the phone web interface.

## Provision Remote extensions by RPS

If you are adding phones that are installed remotely, i.e. PBX in cloud, you must:

1. Click **"Add Phone"** button from the **"Phones"** tab.
2. Select extension this phone uses.
3. Select the phone model.
4. Enter the MAC address of the device and click **"OK"**.
5. You can optionally configure other settings for the phone.
6. When done, click **"OK"** to add the phone to the extension.
7. Now the PortSIP PBX will write the provision link to the IP Phone RPS. Once the IP phone starts, it will obtain the link from the RPS to download the profile from PortSIP PBX. **Note: currently PortSIP PBX only support the PRS for Yealink, Fanvil, Htek.** If your IP Phone is not provided by one of them, please follow the step 8.
8. Copy the provisioning link and insert to your IP phone manually.

## Accessing the Phone UI

PortSIP PBX allows you to easily access the password protected web interface of your configured phones. PortSIP PBX will provision them with a username and unique password and manage the credentials for you. To access the Phone UI:

- Select the phone and click on **"Phone UI"**.
- For most phones, you will be taken straight to the phone UI page.
- For some older phones you might be asked to enter the password for the phone. In this case, click the **"Password"** button, for the password to be shown, and copy paste the password configured for the phone in the phone authentication page.



## Changing Phone Settings

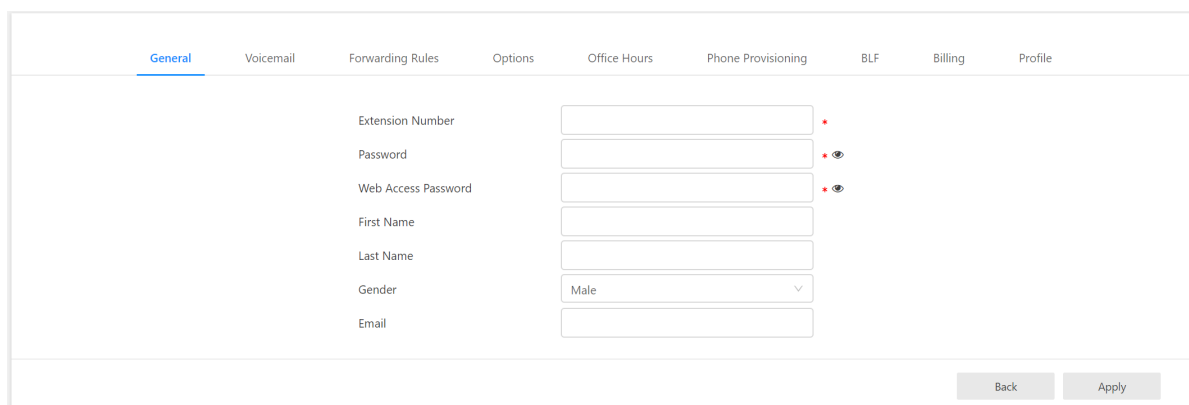
Changes made to the phone configuration from the **“General”** tab of the **“Extensions”** section or within the **“Phone Provisioning”** tab of the **“Settings”** section for certain extension, will take effect within 24 hours. You can re-provision the phones to force them to pick up the new configuration immediately. If you need to re-provision the phones, for example after you have made configuration changes:

1. Select the phones that you wish to re-provision.
2. Click **“Reprovision”**.
3. If the phone needs a reboot, it will be done automatically.

## 5.4 Extension Management

This section explains how to create and configure extensions in PortSIP PBX. There are multiple methods to create an extension.

- When provisioning a new phone, you could choose to create a new extension.
- Extensions can be manually created from the **“Extensions”**.
- Extensions can be imported from a .csv file.
- Create the extension by calling REST API.



The screenshot displays the 'General' tab of the extension configuration interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with tabs: General (selected), Voicemail, Forwarding Rules, Options, Office Hours, Phone Provisioning, BLF, Billing, and Profile. Below the navigation bar, the form contains the following fields:

Field Name	Field Type	Validation/Action
Extension Number	Text Input	Required (red asterisk)
Password	Text Input	Required (red asterisk), Visible/Hidden toggle (eye icon)
Web Access Password	Text Input	Required (red asterisk), Visible/Hidden toggle (eye icon)
First Name	Text Input	
Last Name	Text Input	
Gender	Dropdown Menu	Default value: Male
Email	Text Input	

At the bottom right of the form, there are two buttons: 'Back' and 'Apply'.

To configure an extension, click on **“Call Manager > Extensions”** in the PortSIP PBX Management Console. Click on **“Add”** to create a new one, or select an existing extension and click the **Edit** button to configure or manage the existing extension users. **“Web Access Password”** is used by extension users to log into Web management console.

### General

In the section of **“General”**, you can enter the extension number, password, first name, last name and the email address of the user. The extension number can be numerals or letters; the extension number and password are required. A welcome email with information on the extension created, as well as voicemail and missed call notifications (configurable) will be sent to the specified email address.

The field **“Web Access Password”** is used for the extension to sign in Management Console.

If the SMTP server is configured, once an extension is successfully created and the its email is set, PortSIP PBX will send an email to the extension's email which includes the extension information and PBX parameters such as PBX SIP Domain, PBX IP, and the QR code. User can use the PortSIP UC App to scan the QR code to login to PBX without enter the details.

There is a QR code for this extension, you can use PortSIP App to scan the QR code to sign in the PBX rather than entering the information manually.

In the “**Direct Inbound Dialing (DID)**” section, you can select a DID for the extension instead of creating an inbound rule separately.

“**Exceptions**” - create exceptions by entering the “**Caller ID**”, selecting the time frame in “**Received During**” and chose the action in “**Action**” to bypass the extension forward rules.

**Note:** The email that you entered should be unique, duplicated email is not allowed since PortSIP PBX v12, user can use extension's email to sign in the PortSIP PBX Management Console.

## Voicemail

The “**Voicemail**” tab allows you to configure the extension’s voice mail preferences (including the voicemail PIN number for authentication), enable/disable PIN Authentication, play Caller ID, and enable PortSIP PBX to read out the Caller ID and the Date/Time on which the message was received.

After the extensions created successfully, the “**Greetings for Voice Mail**” section allows you to configure your voicemail greetings.

Click the “**Browse**” button to upload the new greeting file, and click the “**Lock**” icon to specify it as greeting file.

## Forwarding Rules

Each extension can have a set of call forwarding rules that define what PortSIP PBX should do when the extension user is unable to answer an incoming call. This can be configured on the basis of following:

- The user’s status
- The time

Each status requires a call-forwarding rule. For example, if the user is unable to take a call whilst their status is “**Available**”, you can forward the call to voicemail (The voicemail must enabled in the “**voicemail**” tab) or to the mobile phone number.

**Note: forwarding the call to certain mobile number requires the VoIP provider and outbound rule configured.**

## Options

The **"Options"** tab allows you to configure options, restrictions and access for the extension:

- Outbound Caller ID – Outbound Caller ID could be entered here for extension, so that when the extension starts external calling via certain provider/SIP trunks, an outbound caller ID could be a replacement for certain SIP field. For more details, please refer to Section [5.6](#).
- Caller ID for External Emergency Call – It could be entered here for extension, so that when the extension starts emergency external calling via certain provider/SIP trunks, this ID could be used as a replacement of certain SIP field. For more details, please refer to Section [5.6](#).
- Record audio calls – If checked, all calls for this extension will be recorded as wav file.
- Record video calls – If checked, all video calls for this extension will be recorded as AVI file.
- Enabled – If un-checked, the extension will be disabled.
- Allow Paging/Intercom – If checked, the extension will be allowed to make Paging/Intercom calls. This options can't be changed since it is inherited from the **"Extension Groups"**.
- Allow External Calls – If checked, the extension will be allowed to make call to external number via configured VoIP Provider/SIP Trunk. This options can't be changed since it is inherited from the **"Extension Groups"**.
- Allow Management Console Access – If checked, the extension will have the access to PBX Management Console. This options can't be changed since it is inherited from the **"Extension Groups"**.
- Belonged groups - It indicates the extension groups that this extension belongs with.

## Office Hours

The Office Hours Scheduling feature allows a user's status to be changed on the base of global office hours or specific office hours.

Select if the extension would follow the Global Office Hours, or use Specific Office Hours. To specify Specific Office Hours, enable the option and choose the time for a week, and click left or right arrow to apply in use.

## Phone Provisioning

The **"Phone Provisioning"** tab allows you to add or edit settings of phones linked to this extension. The management of IP phone settings is discussed in **"Phone Provisioning"**.

## BLF

You can configure the BLF lights on an IP Phone in this tab.

Match a BLF button with an extension, so that this button will show the status of that extension. The number of available BLF buttons varies per phone.

The following options are available for BLFs:

- BLF – shows presence of another extension.
- Speed Dial – link to a phone number for easy calling
- Custom Speed Dial
- Change status

## Billing

The admin/tenant can set the balance for extension. When billing is enabled and the balance is not enough (see section [5.13](#)), the call will fail.

## Profile

You can configure the extensions profile here. The company name and company website cannot be modified. These fields are inherited from administrator's profile when the administrator creates extensions.

## 5.5 Extension Groups

Extensions and administrators could be managed under "**Extension Group**" of Call Manager.

Extension groups are used to determine what and to whom the information is shown. The defaulted extension group "**DEFAULT**" cannot be deleted or modified.

Note: that an extension has to be a part of at least one group. When a new extension is created, it will be grouped into "**DEFAULT**" by automatically.

Users can be assigned permission to view details about other members in their group, and managers can be assigned elevated rights over users in their group. Rights are assigned on the basis of Group membership, which means that a manager will be able to see call details of any member of their group, regardless of the call destination or origin.

### Creating Extension Groups

On the left menu of Management Console, select "**Call Manager > Extension Groups**", and click **Add** button. Fill in the Group Name and Group Description in Group Information, and choose the Group Member Rights to be set.

By clicking "**Group Members**" tab, you could add existing extension users into the group. Once finished, click the **Apply** button to complete the creation of group.

Once an extension group is granted the permission "**Allow Access to Management Console**", all extensions in this group could sign in PortSIP PBX Management Console. Assume the "**web access password**" for extension 101 is 111111, the SIP domain set in PBX system is **portsip.io**, and the extension 101 belongs to default group which has been granted with login permission to the system Management Console, extension 101 could login with below info:

- Choose "**Sign in with Extension Number**"
- Extension number: 101
- Extension web password: the web password of extension 101, in this case it is 111111
- SIP Domain: portsip.io

An extension may be assigned to various group simultaneously, and owns a collection of the permission for these groups.

## Monitor

The extension group contains a "**Monitor**" tab, which is used for setting the monitor permissions for the extensions. In this tab, you can choose multiple extensions to assign them the "**Monitor**" permissions. The monitor members can silence monitor other extensions' calls, whisper, barge-in, and barge-break the extensions calls. It is commonly used for CTI purpose. For more details please see [CTI](#) section.

## 5.6 Providers / Trunks

VoIP providers/trunks "**host**" phone lines and replace the traditional telco lines. VoIP providers/trunks can assign local numbers in one or more cities or countries and route these to your. In most cases they also support number porting.

VoIP providers/Trunks are able to offer better call rates because they may have an international network or have negotiated better rates. Therefore, using VoIP providers can reduce call costs.

We recommend to use supported VoIP providers as all of our supported VoIP providers have been tested for interoperability with PortSIP PBX, and are retested with each new build. The configuration wizard allows you to quickly and easily add them.

PortSIP PBX supports two types of VoIP providers:

- Registration Based – These VoIP providers require the PBX to register with the provider by using an authentication ID and password. Most of the VoIP providers are predefined in PortSIP
- IP Based - IP Based VoIP Providers / SIP Trunks do not generally require the PBX to register with the provider. The IP address of the PBX needs to be configured with the provider, so that it knows where calls to your number should be routed

Only the admin can add/edit/update the provider/trunk. Once the admin adds a provider/trunk, and the admin can specify the it available to one or more tenants.

The tenants can only see the trunks/providers which assigned to him by admin, and create the inbound/outbound rule on its base.

### Configuring VoIP Provider / SIP Trunk

First, you need to have an account with a VoIP service provider. PortSIP PBX supports most of the popular SIP-based VoIP service providers/SIP Trunk, and we recommend to use one that has been tested and approved by PortSIP as PortSIP PBX includes pre-configured templates for these VoIP providers.

### Choose a VoIP Provider/SIP Trunk

Provider Name

\*

Country

Generic

▼

Provider brand

Generic

▼

Website

Host

\*

Port

5060

Outbound proxy server

Outbound proxy server port

0

Transport

UDP

▼

Reregister every (Seconds)

600

Authentication Mode

Register based

▼

☐ Provider is located in same LAN with PBX

☒ This provider is only accept single Via SIP header

Username

Authorization Name

\*

Password

\*

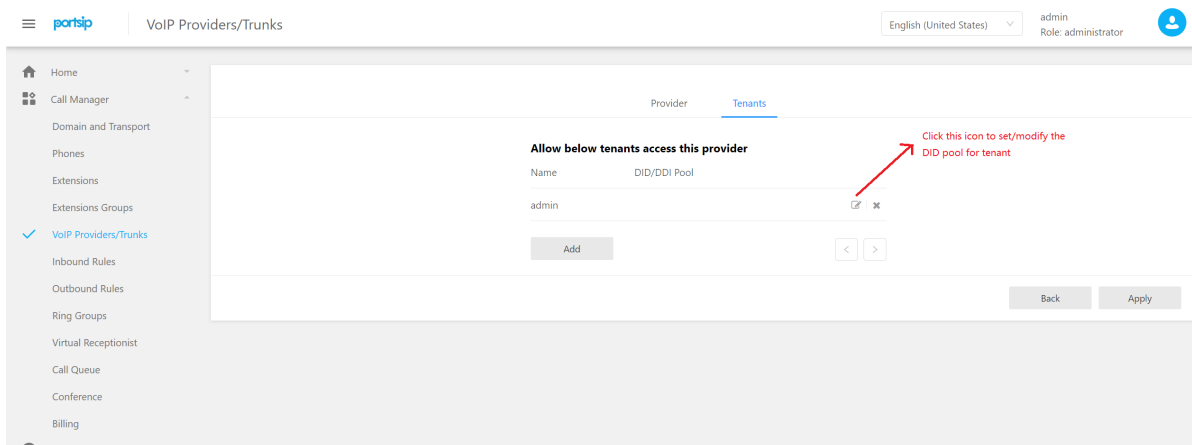
Associated IPs of Provider

Add

After you have created the VoIP provider account, you will need to configure the account in PortSIP PBX. To do this:

- Select **"Call Manager > VoIP Providers/Trunks > Add"**. Enter a friendly name for this VoIP provider
- Select the Country for the VoIP provider. If the country that the providers locates is not listed, please choose **"Generic"**
- Select your VoIP provider from the Provider drop-down list. If your provider is not listed, select **"Generic"**.
- The hostname of SIP server or IP may be prefilled. Compare these information with the details that you have received from your VoIP provider and check if they are correct. Depending on the VoIP provider that you are using, some fields will be disabled, which means you do not need to change them **Note:** For generic providers, you need to fill in relevant parameters for server by yourself. Please consult your provide for more details
- Transport. The transport which used for the PBX communicates with your provider / trunk, you should consult your provider and choose appropriate transport, currently support UDP and TCP. The transport must added in PBX before add the provider / trunk. For example, if your provider requires the TCP, you should add the TCP transport in PBX, please refer to section [5.1](#)
- If your provider is verified on IP address and does not require registration, please choose **"IP Based"** for **"Authentication Mode"**

- If you have customized a provider such as the E1 gateway and it is located in the same LAN with PBX, or other PBX/SIP servers, please check **“Provider is located in same LAN with PBX”**
- This provider only accepts single via SIP header. Usually the providers/trunks only accept single via SIP header. It is selected by default
- Enter the VoIP provider account details. Enter the Authentication ID/username and password of your VoIP provider account. If your provider/trunk is IP based, no need to enter them.
- Associated IPs of Provider. For some providers/trunks, it maybe sends the INVITE message to PBX from multiple IPs rather than from the host only. You need to enter each IP here and click the **"Add"** button to add them
- Click the **"Tenants"** tab, choose one or more tenants to allow them access this trunk/provider.
- Once a tenant is assigned with the trunk/provider, admin can also set the DID pool for this tenant. When tenant creates the inbound rule based on this assigned trunk/provider, he can only use the DID number from the DID pool.
- Admin can leave the DID pool empty for a tenant, so that the tenant cannot create the inbound rule based on this trunk/provider, but no matter to create the outbound rule based on this trunk/provider.
- The DID Pool format: allows to set the wildcard \*. If a tenant is assigned with the trunk/provider, and the DID pool is set as "\*". When we assign this trunk/provider to other tenants, we cannot set any DID pool for them (the DID pool can be left as empty) since the "\*" is already assigned to the first tenant.
- The DID pool allows to set a numerical prefix and wildcard \*. For example, setting the DID pool as 44\*\*\*\*\* means all numbers started with 44 and a total length of 8. Once the inbound rule is created, any number started with 44 and a total length of 8 can be set as DID number for this rule.
- The DID pool allows to set a number range like 12000-18000, or 22000-22800. Setting the number range requires the start number and end number use a same prefix: 12000-22000 is not allowed. The numbers must has same amount of digits: 12000-180000 is not allowed. The start number must be less than end number: 18000-12000 is not allowed.
- DID pool allows to set a semicolon-separated list of multiple ranges, for example: 123;1100-1200;44\*\*\*\*\*



The PortSIP PBX will display all added providers/trunks status by clicking **“Call Manager > VoIP Providers/Trunks”** menu.

## Outbound parameters and Inbound parameters

After completing the setup for providers, you could also go to "**Call Manager > VoIP Providers/SIP Trunks**" and click "... " button to choose "**Edit**" the Inbound/Outbound Parameters for providers:

- In "**Outbound Parameters**" tab, you could set some rules to make changes for headers of INVITE messages to be sent to VoIP providers/SIP trunks. For example, "**user**" of "**to**" SIP header could be set to "**Outbound Caller ID**" of the extension who starts the call. You can setup the "**Outbound caller ID**" of extension in the "**Options**" tab of extension, see section [5.4](#).
- In "**Inbound Parameters**" tab, user could set rules to make changes to field values of SIP messages for incoming calls.

**NOTE:** Both inbound and outbound parameters are advanced options. It's recommended to use default values.

## 5.7 Configuring Inbound/Outbound Rules

Outbound and inbound rules determines how PortSIP PBX routes calls on the base of certain criteria. You can configure rules to control through which provider/Trunk a call will be placed, for example, to route the calls through your VoIP provider on the basis of least cost routing.

You can also set DID (Direct Inward Dialing) numbers to allow to bypass the receptionist or IVR and place calls directly to a user's extension.

### Creating Inbound Rules

Many companies provide users and/or departments with "**Direct or DID numbers**", which allow their contacts to bypass the receptionist and make calls directly. DID numbers is also referred to as DDI numbers in the United Kingdom and MSN numbers in Germany.

Even if you make use of a virtual receptionist, a direct line/number is often preferable because it's more convenient for the caller.

Direct dial numbers are easily implemented by using "**Inbound Rules**". DID numbers is provided by your VoIP provider or Phone Company and are virtual numbers assigned to your physical lines. Usually you are assigned a range of numbers. Please ask your Phone Company or VoIP provider for more information about DID numbers.

You have to configure one VoIP provider/SIP Trunk before adding the inbound rules.

To add Inbound Rule:

- From the PortSIP PBX Management Console, select "**Call Manager > Inbound Rules > Add**"
- Enter a friendly name for the rule
- **CID number mask:** you can enter the CID number mask here, which the PBX will use to identify the caller. You can add the number in it's entirety, identifying a single caller, or use the \* as a wildcard. For example 0044\*\*\*\*\* will identify a UK Caller and 004420\*\*\*\*\* will identify a caller from London. Note: the \* digits must matched number actually digits. If the number is 3 digits, then should use \*\*\*

The CID number mask also allow set a number range, for example: 00442012345670-00442012345680.



The CID number mask can be empty.

- In the "**DID/DDI number/mask**" field, enter the DID number as it will appear in the SIP "**to**" header (The number your provider has been applied as your main, or first, DID number). PortSIP PBX will match the number inserted into this field with the "**to**" header, you can use a single **\*** to match any DID number, or use a single number like 00442012345678;

The number range is disallow, and **prefix and \*** is disallow - for example: 004420\*

- Select which provider/SIP Trunk you wish to be associated with this DID and inbound rule, only allow assign one provider with an inbound rule.
- Specify how you wish to forward incoming calls according to this inbound rule:
  - *End Call*
  - *Connect to Extension*
  - *Connect to Ring Group*
  - *Connect to Virtual Receptionist*
  - *Connect to Voice Mail of an extension*
  - *Connect to Call Queue*
  - *Forward call to external number*
- You can specify that an incoming call should be forwarded differently if it is received outside office hours

**Note:** you can create multiple inbound rules based on a same DID number, but all these inbound rules should set the CID number mask, and the CID number mask must not be conflicted.

**Example:** You have a DID number 442012345670. Now create two inbound rules: the CID for the first rule is set to 0044\*\*\*\*\*, the DID number mask set to 00442012345670, and the call is set to route to the call queue 8000; the CID for the second rule is set to 0033\*\*\*\*\*, the DID number mask set to 00442012345670, and the call is set to route to the call queue 9000.

Now let all English-speaking employees to be agent of call queue 8000, let all French-speaking employees to be agent of call queue 9000. When the caller calls to 00442012345670, callers from UK will be routed to the call queue 8000 to talk with English agent, and callers from France will be routed to the call queue 9000 to talk with French agent.

## Office hours for Inbound Rules

In the "**Office Hours**" tab, you can set the office hours for the inbound rule so that the incoming calls will be routed to different destinations on the basis of the current hour.

If "**Use default Global Office Hours**" is selected, the PBX will use the office hours specified by admin/tenant;

If "**Use specific Office Hours**" is selected, customized office hours rules apply instead.

## Exporting and Importing Inbound Rules

If you need to export your Inbound Rules to a .CSV file either for backup or to make any updates, follow these steps:

1. Sign in the PortSIP PBX Management Console
2. Click on the "**Call Manager > Inbound Rules**"
3. Click on the "**Export**" button to start exporting your inbound rules

4. Select a location and a file name for your exported inbound rule file and click **"Save"**. Your rules will be exported and saved in the .CSV file

To create multiple inbound rules, insert necessary fields on a CSV file by using correct format, and then import them back into PortSIP PBX by using the import function. To import your inbound rules into PortSIP PBX from a CSV file:

1. Sign in the PortSIP PBX Management Console.
2. Click on the **"Call Manager > Inbound Rules"**, click the **"Import"**
3. Browse to the file that you want to import, select it and click **"Open"**
4. The rules will be imported into PortSIP PBX

## Creating Outbound Rules

An outbound rule decides through which VoIP provider/Trunk an outbound call would be placed. The rule is decided by the user/extension who is making the call, the number that is being dialed or the length of the number, or the extension group to which the caller belong.

To add outbound rules:

- From the PortSIP PBX Management Console menu, navigate to **"Call Manager > Outbound Rules"** and click **"Add "** button. Enter a name for the new rule in the prompted box.
- Specify the criteria that should be matched for this outbound rule to be triggered with. In the **"Apply this rule to below calls"** section, specify any of the following options:
  - **Calls to numbers started with prefix** – Apply this rule to all calls started with the number you specify. For example, enter **"00"** to specify that all calls with numbers started with 00 should trigger this rule. Callers should dial **"00123456"** to trigger this rule. You can specify more than one prefixes, separated by **";"**. For example, **"00;123;88"** specifies prefixes 00 and 123 and 88. If the called number matches one of these prefixes, this rule will be triggered.
  - **Calls from extension(s)** – Select this option to define a particular extension or extension range for which this rule applies. Specify one or more extensions separated by semicolons, or specify a range by using a **"-"**. For example 100-120.
  - **Calls to number with certain digits** – Select this option to apply the rule to numbers with a particular digit length, for example 8 digits. By this method, you can capture calls to local area numbers or national numbers without requiring a prefix.
  - **Calls from extension group(s)** – Rather than specifying individual extensions, you can select an extension group.
- Now specify how to match outbound calls with the criteria. In the **"Make outbound calls on"** section, select up to three routes for the call. Each defined provider/trunk will be listed as a possible route. If the first route is not available or busy, PortSIP PBX will automatically try the second route.
- You can transform the number that matches the outbound rule before the call is routed to the selected gateway or provider by using the **"Strip Digits"** and **"Prepend"** fields:

- **Strip digits** – Allows you to remove one or more digits from the called number. Use this option to remove the prefix before a call is dialed to the gateway or provider if it is not required. For example the extension make call to 002345, if you specify to remove two digits, the prefix **"00"** will be removed before it is routed
- **Prepend** – Allows you to add one or more digits at the beginning of the number if this is required by the provider or gateway. For example, the extension make call to 002345, we specify 2 in the **"Strip digits"** field and set **"Prepend"** to **"44"**, the final called number which PBX forward to VoIP provider/SIP Trunk will be +442345

## Office hours for Outbound Rules

In the **"Office Hours"** tab, you can set the office hours for the outbound rule so that the outgoing call will be routed to trunks or not depending on the current hour.

For example, if currently time is out of the specified office hours, the call fails even the outbound rule is successfully matched.

If selected **"Use default Global Office Hours"**, the PBX will use the office hours which set by admin/tenant;

If selected **"Use specific Office Hours"** this outbound rule will use the customized office hours.

## 5.8 Configuring Ring Groups / Paging / Intercom

The Ring Group feature adds powerful capabilities to your PortSIP PBX. Ring groups will help you not to miss any important calls, whilst the Paging/Intercom feature allows you to make announcements to groups of people rather like a PA system.

A ring group allows you to direct calls to a group of extensions. For example, you could define a group of three sales, and have the general sales number **"DID"** ring on all three extensions at the same time or one after the other. When you create a ring group, you assign it with a virtual extension number. This will be the number used by the PortSIP PBX to **"Address"** to the ring group.

To add a Ring Group:

- In the PortSIP PBX Management Console, select **"Call Manager > Ring Groups"** and click the **"Add"** button
- Now enter the ring group fields:
  - **Ring Group Number** – This number identifies the ring group from other extensions. Specify a new one as needed. Do not specify an existing extension number
  - **Ring Group Name** – Enter a friendly name for the ring group
  - **Outbound Caller ID** - Once the outbound caller ID for the ring group is set, when no members answer the call and forward the call to external number on a provider / trunk, this outbound caller ID could be a replacement for certain SIP field. For more details, please refer to Section [5.6](#).
  - Ring Time – Specify how long the extension should ring for.
  - Ring strategy – Select the appropriate ring strategy for this ring group:
    - **Ring Simultaneously**: All Ring Group members will ring at the same time.

- **Prioritized Hunt:** Ring each available member of the group by specific order.
  - **Cyclic Hunt:** Ring each available member of the group by the sequence the members are added into the group. The member who has not been rang from a call would take the priority.
  - **Least Worked Hunt:** Ring each available member of the group by the order the members are added into the group. The member who has not answered a call from this group would take the priority.
  - **Paging/Intercom:** This is a Paging or Intercom group (see the next section for more details).
- In the section "**Group Members**", specify the extensions that should be part of this ring group. Simply click on the extensions to add them to the ring group, and click again to remove them from the group.
  - In the section "**Destination if no answer**", you can define what should happen if the call is not answered by the ring group

## Paging

When creating the ring group, selecting the "**Ring Strategy**" with "**Paging/intercom**" would allow someone to ring a group of extensions and make an announcement via the phone speaker. The called party will not need to pick up the handset as the audio will be played via the phones speaker. The person who's paging will not hear any audio back from the people being paged.

## Intercom

When creating the ring group, selecting the "**Ring Strategy**" with "**Paging/intercom**" would allow someone to ring a group of extensions and make an announcement via the phone speaker. The called party will not need to pick up the handset as the audio will be played via the phone speaker. The person paging will not hear any audio back from the people being paged.

If the extension user wants to talk with the caller, he/she should press the "\*" button to start talking, and stop by pressing "#" button.

## Important

Before using the Paging or Intercom feature, make sure you have specified the paging/intercom prefix number by:

1. From the PortSIP PBX Management Console, select "**Advanced > Settings**" menu, click "**Advanced**" tab to add the paging prefix in the "**Dial code**" field (\*11 for example)
2. Make sure that the user who is trying to page/intercom a group has the permission to do so. If a certain extension user would like to start paging/intercom, select "**Call Manager > Extension Groups**", edit the group to which the extension belongs, click "**Group Member Rights**" table, and check the "**Allow Paging/Intercom**" option

There are two ways to commit Paging and Intercom:

1. Assume that you have created a ring group for which the group number 9000, and selected the "**Ring Strategy**" with "**Paging/intercom**". When dialing 9000, all members of ring group 9000 will answer the call automatically and can hear from caller but caller cannot hear back

from members. If someone of the members wish to talk with the caller, just press the **"\*"**, and stop talking by press **"#"** key.

2. If extension 100 want to intercom with extension 101, just dial **"\*\*11101"**, and extension user 101 will answer the call automatically and talk with caller 100. In this example, **\*11** is the value of **"Dial Code"**.

## 5.9 Configuring Virtual Receptionist/Auto-Attendant

The virtual receptionist feature allows PortSIP PBX to answer phone calls automatically. When a call comes into the PortSIP, the caller is presented with a list of options. The caller can choose the appropriate option by using the numbers on their phone keypad. You can implement a menu by using this feature. A virtual receptionist is also known as an **Auto Attendant**.

For example, **"For sales, press 1. For support, press 2 or wait on the line to be transferred to the operator"**.

You can configure various virtual receptionists, each of which owns a unique extension number. Depending on your preferences, you may configure to answer calls on the base of which line the call comes in and from, as well on whether the call is received inside or outside office hours. For example, you can have a different prompt for outside office hours that does not include the options to be transferred to groups/queues since there are not agents available to take the calls.

### Recording a Menu Prompt

Before create your virtual receptionist, you must decide the menu options you wish to offer the caller and record the announcement. A sample would be, **"Welcome to XYZ. For sales, press 1. For support, press 2 or stay on the line for an operator"**.

**Note:** It is recommended to put the number the user should press after the option, i.e. **"For sales, press 1"**, rather than **"press 1 for sales"**. This is because the user will wait for the desired option and then **"register"** what number to press.

### Creating a Virtual Receptionist

You can create multiple digital receptionists and link them to a particular line.

To create a virtual receptionist:

- In the Management Console menu, click **"Call Manager > Virtual Receptionist"**, click **"Add "**
- Specify the name and extension number for the digital receptionist.
- By default, PBX uses the system-defined **"Default.WAV"** for prompt. Click on the **"Browse"** button to select a file that you previously recorded for prompt menu. You must save the file in WAV format in PCM, 16kHz/32kHz/48 kHz, 16 bit, Mono format. (In Windows Sound Recorder you must use the **"Save as"** option to save this format). Besides, user may also choose prompt language for virtual receptionist in **"Virtual Receptionist Language"**
- The prompt when call is transferring - The prompt file which will be played when the call is transferring after caller pressed DTMF.
- Virtual Receptionist Language - The language for the prompt files

- Menu options. Specify actions and the extension number or System extension number for each of numeric keys. Default value is **“No Actions Specified”**, referring that no specific actions will be taken in response to the key. If the action is directed to specific extension, ring group, call queue or another virtual receptionist, please also select the target extension number you desired
- User Input: this option allows you to determine when the auto attendant will begin the search for an extension that matches the user’s input. The available options are detailed below:
  - When Extension Matches: The auto attendant will wait until the caller’s digit sequence matches an existing account. Once the auto attendant finds a match, it will call that extension. This mechanism is useful when accounts of varying name length are used; however, it might be annoying to callers who enter a non-existing number since the auto attendant will never begin the search
  - After 1/2/3/4/5 Digit Input: The auto attendant will wait until the correct number of digits has been entered before it will begin looking for an account that matches. If the account does not exist, the system will play an announcement indicating that the extension does not exist.
  - User Must Hit Pound: The auto attendant will wait until the user hits the # sign before searching for an extension. This mode is useful in variable-length scenarios
- Timeout allows you to specify how long the system should wait for an input. If it receives no input, it will automatically perform this action. This is for callers who do not understand the menu or who do not have a DTMF capable phone. When ready, click **“Apply”** to save the virtual receptionist.
- If extension user enters a DTMF value or key that is not defined in step 4, the action fails. User may define how the call should be handled in “Calling failed” section, and the extension number (if necessary)

## Direct Destinations

The Direct Destinations feature is somewhat like a built-in version of the IVR system.

To direct inbound calls to specified extensions, you can use the pre-configured destination fields and link them to pre-recorded announcements and user input options.

Using the sample shown below, the auto attendant’s welcome message will be as follows: **“For Sales, press 1. For Support, press 2. For Accounting, press 3. For all other inquiries, press 0.”** (The user input options are linked to extensions 555, 518, 511, and 570.)

**Virtual Receptionist answers and forwards calls automatically**

Virtual Receptionist      Action URL

---

**General**

Virtual Receptionist Number:  \*

Name:  \*

Prompt:  ...

The prompt when call is transferring:  ...

Virtual Receptionist Language:  \*

Gap time between DTMF digits (seconds):  \*

**Menu Options**

User Input	Action	Destination extension
<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="End Call"/>	<input type="text" value=""/>
<input type="text" value="2"/>	<input type="text" value="Connect to Extension"/>	<input type="text" value="101"/>
<input type="text" value="3"/>	<input type="text" value="Repeat Prompt"/>	<input type="text" value=""/>
<input type="text" value=""/>	<input type="text" value="No Actions Specified"/>	<input type="text" value=""/>

When configuring straight forward, uncomplicated auto attendants, direct destination is a great solution. However, when configuring auto attendants that require advanced IVR development and functionality, the IVR node is recommended.

Once the direct destination links have been established, the system will call the destination number whenever a caller enters the number that is associated with it. In the sample shown above, when the caller presses 2, the call will be connected to extension 101.

By placing a pound sign after the direct destination (e.g., "2#"), the system will wait 3 seconds before dialing the direct destination. This is useful if you have extension numbers in the 100 range (101, 102, etc.). The 3-second delay ensures that the caller's complete input (e.g., 101) will be processed rather than just the first digit.

- **User Input:** This number can be one or multiple digits; however, the system dials direct destinations immediately after a user has provided keypad input, so overlapping between a direct destination and an extension number can be a problem. For example, extensions starting with "1" would conflict with a direct destination of "1" because the system would be unable to dial the extension number. The best way to avoid this situation is to choose extension numbers that do not overlap with either direct destinations or mailbox and outbound call prefixes. The extension range 4xx through 7xx meets these criteria. Wild cards can also be used in this field.
  - If circumstances render it difficult to change the extension assignments (e.g., business cards with extension numbers already in circulation), a timeout mechanism can be used. By placing a pound sign after the direct destination (e.g., "1#"), the system will wait for 3 seconds before dialing the destination.
  - To redirect fax messages to a specific destination, you can use the direct destination "F". The CNG tone that announces a fax tone is recognized by the system and is translated into the "F" key.
- **Destination:** This number can be either an internal number (e.g., an extension or conference room) or an external number (must configure appropriate VoIP provider and outbound rules)

## Allowing Callers to Dial a Known Extension Directly

Whilst a digital receptionist prompt is playing, a caller can enter the extension number directly to be connected to an extension immediately. This allows callers who know their party's extension to avoid going through a receptionist. This option is enabled by default. If you wish to make use of this feature, simply instruct your callers by explaining this in the voice prompt.

For example, *"Welcome to Company XYZ. If you know your party's extension number, you may enter it now, otherwise, for sales press 1. For support press 2"*.

## Sending HTTP Request to 3rd Server Depending on User's Input(Web Hook)

When creating virtual receptionist, there are two tabs available for user: **Virtual Receptionist** and **Action URL**. User may setup common Virtual Receptionist in **"Virtual Receptionist"** tab, and define HTTP request and relevant actions in **"Action URL"**.

Action URL is applied as in below scenario:

When users call the Virtual Receptionist and dials the pre-configured DTMF key, Virtual Receptionist will send a HTTP request as defined to the URL of a third-party server, and parse the target extension number in respond message from the third-party server to forward the call to the target extension.

- **Name:** Enter a user-friendly name for the HTTP request. This field is mandatory.
- **Action Type:** Choose the method to trigger Action URL. PortSIP PBX allows to trigger the rule with user inputted DTMF key or caller number. Depending on his request, user may choose **"DTMF"** or **"Caller Number"**. Once **"DTMF"** is chosen, if the DTMF entered is replica to DTMF specified in **"Virtual Receptionist"** tab, system will always invalidate settings in **"Virtual Receptionist"** and handle the call as defined in **"Action URL"**.
- **DTMF match list/ Caller number match list:** Depending on the selection in **"Action Type"**, user may specify the **"DTMF match number"** or **"Caller number match list"**. User may enter a semicolon-separated list of numbers at one time, e.g. **"101;102;103"**. The entered number must be unique and must not be duplicated.

The match list also can specify to a numbers range, for example: 860000-880000, it's used for below scenario: someone calls to virtual receptionist and enters his bank card number. If the number fall in the matched DTMF range, the virtual receptionist will call the action URL to return some values to indicates the next actions.

Once an item of the Action URL is triggered, an HTTP request will be sent to the third-party server. User may specify the username and password for authentication in **"Credentials for HTTP Basic authentication with 3rd server"** section (not mandatory), and choose the method for sending HTTP request from POST or GET. Fields **"Connection timeout"** and **"Timeout for waiting response"** are filled to setup the timeout value for communication between Virtual Receptionist and third-party server.

- **Action (URL or number):** Action to be executed will be entered here when the preset action is triggered. If HTTP URL is entered here, Virtual Receptionist will send an HTTP request to the third-party server and forward the call depending on the returned value of HTTP request. If a DTMF number is entered here, Virtual Receptionist will forward the call to the designated number



## HTTP Request Message

PortSIP has defined below parameters to form up the HTTP request message to third-party server in JSON format.

- "from": "var\_caller\_number" - Caller's number, i.e. the caller number who's calling to Virtual Receptionist
- "to": "var\_callee\_number" - Callee's number, i.e. the extension number for Virtual Receptionist
- "input": "var\_input\_dtmf" - DTMF inputted by user
- "from\_name": "var\_caller\_display\_name" - Display name of caller. It will be left empty if no value provided
- "account\_name": "var\_account\_name" - Name of the Virtual Receptionist

Assuming that we had create a Virtual Receptionist with number 888 and named as Sales. And its Action URL is defined as follows:

- Name: Action1
- Action Type: DTMF
- DTMF match list: 22, 33
- HTTP method: GET
- Action (URL or Number): <http://www.appserver.com/dest.php> (If a DTMF number is filled here other than URL, Virtual Receptionist will forward the call to the extension specified other than sending request to third-party server.)

When extension 101 (display name Jason) calls 888, Virtual Receptionist 888 will auto-answer the call and play prompt to the caller. As extension 101 dials 22 or 33, Virtual Receptionist will send below HTTP request in GET method: [http://www.appserver.com/dest.php?from=101&to=888&input=22&from\\_name=Jason&account\\_name=Sales](http://www.appserver.com/dest.php?from=101&to=888&input=22&from_name=Jason&account_name=Sales)

If POST is chosen for HTTP method, Virtual Receptionist will send below HTTP request in JSON format by means of POST:

```
{  
  "from" : "101",  
  "to" : "888", "input": "22",  
  "from_name" : "Jason",  
  "account_name" : "Sales"  
}
```

## HTTP Response Message

PortSIP PBX has defined response to HTTP request sent by Virtual Receptionist as follows:

- "status\_code": 200 or other possible status code, of which 200 represents successful request and other refers to failure.
- "action": Values including "call", "hangup" and "repeat" indicates the action to be taken by Virtual Receptionist.
  - call – To forward the call to number as defined in "destination"
  - hangup – To hang up the call directly
  - repeat – To repeat the prompt message

- “destination”: The target callee number. It’s valid only if value for “action” is set as “call”; otherwise it will be ignored.

```
{
  "status_code" : 200,
  "action" : "call",
  "destination" : "222"
}
```

Once Virtual Receptionist has received response as above, it will forward the call to extension 222.

## 5.10 Configuring Call Queue

Call Queue allows calls to be queued whilst agents (members of a call queue) answering calls. Calls do not go unanswered but wait in a queue until an agent is available to take the call.

To add a Call Queue, select menu “**Call Manager > Call Queue**” and click “**Add**”. Now fill in the necessary fields:

- **Queue Number** – Specify the queue number here. It should not be an existing extension number
- **Queue Name** – Enter a friendly name for the Queue
- **Outbound Caller ID** - Once the outbound caller ID for the call queue is set, when no members answer the call and forward the call to external number on a provider / trunk, this outbound caller ID could be a replacement for certain SIP field. For more details, please refer to Section [5.6](#).
- **Ring Duration** – How long the caller would be queued
- **Music on hold** – The music that would be played when the caller is queued
- **Polling strategy** – This option allows you to choose how calls should be distributed to agents:
  - **Ring Simultaneous:** All Ring Group members will be rang at the same time.
  - **Prioritized Hunt:** Ring each available member of the group in configured order
  - **Cyclic Hunt:** Ring each available member of the group by the order the member was added. The member who has not been rang previously will take the priority
  - **Least worked Hunt:** Ring each available member of the group by the order the member was added to the group. The member that hasn't answered a call from this group takes priority

### Configuring Queue Options

- In the “**Destination if no answer**” section, you can define what should happen if the call does not get answered by an agent. If no agent logged into the queue, this option would be triggered immediately
- In the “**Other options**” section, you can specify a custom introduction prompt and a custom music on hold file. You can now choose whether to play the full intro prompt before the system starts to call queue agents

- **Play special prompt if the caller is in blacklist.** If this option is checked and the caller is in the black list of this call queue, you can set a special prompt for him. If the caller pressed the DTMF after listening the prompt, PBX will continue the normal call queue workflow.
- **Maximum Queue Wait Time.** Once the caller stayed in the call queue longer than this duration, it will be hangup by PBX.
- **SLA time.** SLA refers to service level agreement. Once it's set, you will get a notification every time when a call stays in the queue longer than the specified SLA time.

SLA is used to make sure that your callers are queuing no longer than the time you have specified. For example you declare that all calls within your organization are answered within 3 minutes, you need to set the SLA in the queue to 180 seconds. Once that time is reached the queue manager will receive an alert notifying that a call has breached the SLA.

## Configuring Queue Agents (members)

By clicking the “**Members**” tab, you can select the agents for the call queue.

## Notifications

You can set one or more extensions as the queue manager(s) to receive the email notifications if the call exceeds SLA time or is lost.

If an extension is set as queue manager, PBX will not assign the call to him/her, which means the queue manager will not receive the call even he is a member of the call queue.

**Note:** The SMTP server and the email of queue manager must be set up in order to receive the notifications.

## Blacklist

You can add one or more numbers to the blacklist of the call queue. When one of these numbers starts a call to the queue, a special prompt will be played to them. For more details please refer to [Configuring Queue Options](#).

## 5.11 Configuring Conference

When the PBX is successfully installed, you can create a conference room by selecting the menu “**Call Manager > Conference**” and click the “**Add**” button.

**Conference room for audio or video conferencing**

Conference Mode	Video Conference	*
Room Extension	9000	*
Subject	Test	*
Room PIN	123456	
Admin PIN	123456	
Outbound Caller ID		
Maximum Participants	9	
Grids for Video Conference	9	
Bitrate (Kbps)	1024	
Frame Rate	15	
Resolution	720P	
Prompt language	English	

☐ Do not play prompt when joining the conference

Back
Apply

To create a conference:

- Select the menu **“Call Manager > Conference”**, and click **“Add”** button.
- Select your conference mode from the **"Conference Mode"** drop-down list.
- Enter a conference Room Extension number which will be dialed by the conference Participants to join the conference. It should not be an existing extension number.
- Enter the suitable Subject for the conference to remind participant the topic to be discussed.
- Enter the PIN of the **"Conference Room"** if necessary. If the PIN was set, the Participants must enter the PIN when joining the conference.
- Enter the Admin PIN for the host. When a user enters this PIN, he/she will be identified as the conference admin to host the conference.
- Outbound Caller ID - Once the outbound caller ID for the conference room is set, when inviting an external number to the conference, PBX will place the call to external number on a provider / trunk, and this outbound caller ID could be a replacement for certain SIP field. For more details, please refer to Section [5.6](#).
- Enter the maximum number of **"Maximum Participants"** field that limits the count of members who join this conference.
- Specify the count of videos in **“Grids for Video Conference”**. Value 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 9 supported.
- Set the bandwidth used during video conference in **“Video Conference Bitrate”**. The value ranges 128 kbps – 2048 Kbps. The higher the value is, the better the video experience would be.
- Choose **“Video Conference Frame Rate”** with the range 5 – 30. Higher value will guarantee fluent video experience.
- Choose **“Video Conference Resolution”** from range of QCIF to 1080P. Higher resolution leads to larger load to bandwidth.
- Choose the Prompt Language for the vocal notices which will be used when user entering the conference.
- Click **“Apply”** button to confirm creating the conference room.

Each conference room supports up to 200 participants. It may vary dependent on the server CPU, memory and bandwidth.

## 5.12 Managing Conference

### Joining Conference

Once the conference room is created, inform the participants the conference number ("**Room Extension**"). Assume that the user sets Room Extension 8008 as the conference number, the user can join the conference by dialing 8008 from any SIP clients.

### Inviting participants into conference room

You can also invite an extension or the mobile phone/landline phone user to join the conference. Please see below section for more details.




### Managing the conference room

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Room Extension	Subject	Room PIN	Admin PIN	Mode	Status	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 9000	Sales conference	123456	123456	Video Conference	Online	<div>Manage Edit Delete</div>

Once the conference room is created, select the menu "**Call Manager > Conference**" to list available conference rooms. You can either edit the conference room or delete it by click the "... " icon to expand the menu.

- **Manage:** select the "**Manage**" menu to manage the conference room and participants, see next section.
- **Edit:** select the "**Edit**" menu to change the conference room settings, such as the **Room PIN**, **Admin PIN**, **Maximum Participants**.
- **Delete:** End and remove the Conference.

### Managing the conference participants

Participant	Action
101@portsip.io	<div>  </div>

Check a conference room in the conference list, and click the "**Manage**" icon to manage the conference room participants.

- **Invite participant:** Click the "**Invite**" button to select an extension from extension list, or enter the extension number directly. PBX will start a call to the specified extension.

Once the call has been answered, the invited extension will be joint into the conference automatically.

Mobile number or PSTN number could also be entered here to be invited into the conference but must configured the appropriate trunk and outbound rules.

- **Lock:** Once the conference is locked, other users cannot dial into the conference room.
- **Record:** Start or stop the conference recording
- **Mute:** When the room has been muted, all participants can't hear from each other.

- **Refresh:** Refresh the conference room information.
- **Recording files:** List recording files of the conference room. They could be downloaded and saved in local.
- **Mute:** Click the "**Mute**" button by the end of a listed extension to mute the selected participant.
- **Set as main:** Set the participant video as the main screen of video conference.
- **Hang up:** Kick out a participant from the conference room.

## 5.13 Billing

PortSIP PBX allows administrators/tenants to define customized calling rate. To do this, please go to "**Call Manager > Billing**".

### Parameters of billing rules

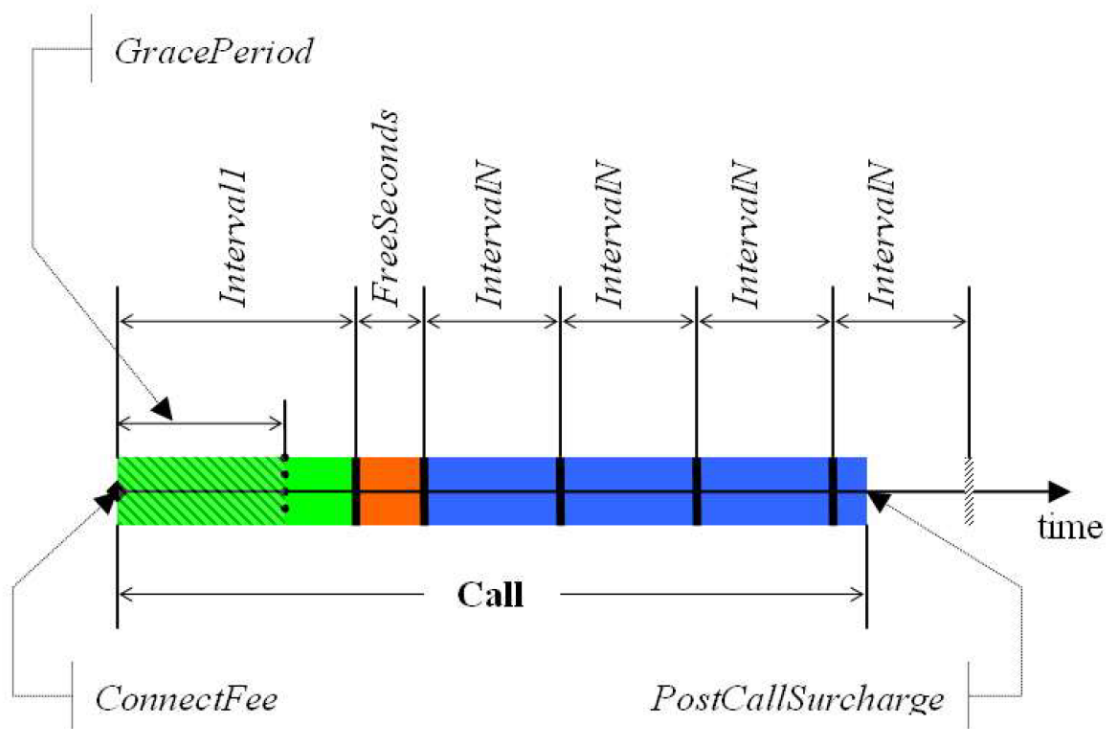
There are few parameters need to be entered when create the billing rule:

- FreeSeconds - in seconds
- ConnectFee - in monetary units
- PostCallSurcharge - in percents (0.01 means 1%)
- GracePeriod - in seconds
- Price' - in monetary units per minute
- PriceN - in monetary units per minute
- Interval' - in seconds
- IntervalN - in seconds

The simplest parameters are *ConnectFee*, which is fixed amount of money charged for each successful call regardless of its duration; and *PostCallSurcharge* which is additional charge applied. It is calculated on the percentage of the amount charged, that is if the call costs 1 dollar and the *PostCallSurcharge* is 0.01, the actual amount charged will be 1.01 dollar.

The following picture illustrates how the calls are charged. The process starts with comparing value of the *GracePeriod* parameter with the duration of the call. The *GracePeriod* parameter determines the minimum duration of the call that will be subject of charge. Calls with durations of less than this value are not charged at all. *GracePeriod* value of 0 second and 1 second provide almost the same behavior except that when the *GracePeriod* is 1 second, connected calls with zero duration won't be charged with connection fee.

A *ConnectFee* is charged immediately upon connection, and all calls shorter than Interval' will be rounded to *Interval1* seconds. *FreeSeconds* are granted after the *Interval1*, so this part of the call is not charged, and calls shorter than (*Interval1* + *FreeSeconds*) will be rounded to *Interval1* seconds. If call is longer than (*Interval1* + *FreeSeconds*) remaining portion will be rounded up to multiple *IntervalN* seconds. After that, the *PostCallSurcharge* is applied to the total amount charged.



The call illustrated in the figure will be charged using the following formula:

$$\text{AmountCharged} = \left( \text{ConnectFee} + \frac{\text{Interval1} \times \text{Price1}}{60} + \frac{4 \times \text{IntervalN} \times \text{PriceN}}{60} \right) \times (1 + \text{PostCallSurcharge})$$

- Connect fee - monetary units
- Price 1 - monetary units
- Price N - monetary units
- Interval 1 - seconds
- Interval N - seconds
- Post call surcharge - fractional based on the setting in the Tariff/Destination Set (E.g. for 10% fractional = 0.1)

## Adding Billing Rate

To add billing rate, go to “**Call Manager > Billing**” and click “**Add**”, and fill in the fields below:

- **Number Prefix:** Enter the specific number prefix. Once specified, all calls related to numbers started with this number will be applied with this rule.
- **Type:** Specify this rule for inbound or outbound calls.

Other fields are described in previous [section](#).

## Importing/Exporting Rate

PortSIP PBX allows to import rates in batch by using “**Import**” button on “**Call Manager > Billing**” page. Once imported, all the imported rates will be listed on “**Billing**” page. If the rate to be imported is replica to an existing rate on PBX, the import process will fail.

Besides, all rate info online could be exported by using “**Export**” button on “**Billing**” page. Once completed, user will have a downloaded CSV file with all rates inclusive.

**Note:** Only CSV supported for both import and export features.

## Chapter 6: Tenant Management

---

PortSIP PBX is designed as Multi-Tenant, which means one PortSIP PBX installation can work for multiple enterprise (companies) by creating more than one tenants, and each tenant will be able to have their own PBX system.

### 6.1 Creating tenant

To create a new tenant, select the left menu "**Tenant**" and click the "**Add**".

When creating a tenant, you can specify the tenant profile details such as username, password, sip domain and office hours. A tenant can modify his profile after signing into the Management Console.

You can also limit the resource the tenant uses by clicking the "**Options**" tab. The "**Capability**" section under this tab allows you to set the maximum extensions, maximum concurrent calls, maximum ring groups etc.

In the "**General**" tab allows to set below parameters:

- **Username** - The tenant username that is used to sign in the management console. It should be unique.
- **Domain** - The SIP domain for this tenant. It should be unique.
- **Extension is not allowed to delete recordings** - If it's selected, the extension can't delete the recording files even if he signs in the PBX management console.
- **Enable this Tenant** - If this option is deselected, this tenant will be disabled, and all extensions of this tenant will no longer be valid.
- **Allow concurrent logins** - If this option is selected, the tenant can sign in management console from multiple devices. If deselected, once tenant signs in, the login in another PC/mobile phone will be invalid.
- **Allow display extension password in local** - If selected, when editing extension in the "**Call Manager > Extension > General**", the extension password will be displayed.
- **Allow extension to create temporary meeting** - If selected, the extensions of this tenant will be able to create temporary meetings via REST API.

In the "**Options**" tab, set below parameters:

- **Country** - The country for the tenant
- **Timezone** - The timezone for the tenant
- **Currency** - The currency for the tenant
- **Enable extension to modify personal SIP password** - If selected, the extension will be able to modify his SIP password
- **Enable extension audio recording** - If selected, audio calls of all extensions will be recorded
- **Enable extension video recording** - If selected, video call of all extensions will be recorded
- **Capability** - Used to set the capabilities for the tenant



The **"Storage"** tab allows to adjust the storage quota for Recording files, Voice Mails and the Call Reports:

- **Disk quota (MB)** - The maximum disk quota allowed for this tenant
- **Recordings** - Current disk usage of recordings for this tenant
- **Voice Mails** - Current disk usage of voice mails for this tenant

You can set the way of deleting old recording files and voice mails in **"Auto cleaning"** section.

## 6.2 Deactivating tenant

To deactivate an existing tenant, select the left menu **"Tenant"**, and all tenants will be listed. Click the **"..."** button to expand the menu and choose **"Edit"** menu from the tenant that you want to deactivate, uncheck the **"Enable this tenant"** box and click **"Apply"** button. The tenant will be deactivated and all the extensions belongs to it would be deactivated as well.

If you want enable it again, check the **"Enable this tenant"** box.

## 6.3 Deleting tenant

To delete an existing tenant, select the left menu **"Tenant"**, and all tenants will be listed. Click the **"..."** button to expand the menu and choose **"Delete"** menu from the tenant that you want to delete.

**Note:** Once the tenant is deleted, all extensions of this tenant will be deleted as well.

## 6.4 Managing tenant

PortSIP allows administrator to manage tenant and its settings including extension users. To do this, please go to Management Console, navigate to **"Tenant"** menu, select a tenant to be managed and click **"..."** button and choose **"Manage"**. Now user may setup or modify the settings for the tenant and manage its extensions. Once completed, user may click avatar on the top right of page to display the menu and choose **"Switch to Administrator"** to switch back to administrator account, without the need to logout of tenant account and re-login to administrator account.

# Chapter 7. Call Statistics

---

The Call Statistics feature allows you to view the call log, current active sessions, call recordings and can be configured to send an email containing specific report statistics about calls to and from PortSIP PBX. You can also receive these reports with .CSV format.

## 7.1 Call Sessions

By using "**Call Statistics > Call Sessions**" menu, you can quickly monitor all the current calls and details on PortSIP PBX.

<input type="checkbox"/> Caller	Callee	Session ID	Started on	Answered on	Talk Duration (Seconds)	
<input type="checkbox"/> 101	102	6576733138179850242	2019-09-09 16:00	2019-09-09 16:00	14	⋮
<div>&lt; &gt;</div>						

Hang up an established call by clicking "**Hung up**" button from a call session. Click the "**Refresh**" button to update the calls status.

## 7.2 Call Recording

By using "**Call Statistics > Call Recording**" menu, you can quickly list all the recorded calls and details on PortSIP PBX.

<input type="checkbox"/> Caller	Callee	Session ID	Started on	Answered on	Talk Duration (Seconds)	
<input type="checkbox"/> 101	102	6576733138179850242	2019-09-09 16:00	2019-09-09 16:00	14	⋮
<div>&lt; &gt;</div>						

You can select the call recording and click the "..." button to expand the menu to play , or download or delete it.

## 7.3 View Call Details

Select the left menu "**Call Statistics > Call Details**". All call logs will be listed. Click the "**Next**" button to see more.

<input type="checkbox"/> Caller	Callee	Started on	Answered on	Ended on	Duration	Outbound Caller...	DID/CID	Call Cost	
<input type="checkbox"/> 101	102	2019-09-09 16:00	2019-09-09 16:00	2019-09-09 16:03	222			0.000000	⋮
<input type="checkbox"/> 101	102	2019-09-09 15:52	2019-09-09 15:53	2019-09-09 15:53	4			0.000000	⋮
<input type="checkbox"/> 101	102	2019-09-09 15:49	2019-09-09 15:49	2019-09-09 15:52	203			0.000000	⋮
<div>&lt; &gt;</div>									

Note: You can view more call details by double clicking the CDR.

## 7.4 Call Reports

Reports are generated and sent automatically via emails, so that report creation can be executed with a low priority and will not interfere with the PortSIP PBX.

Note: To receive the exported call report, please make sure you have correctly configured SMTP mail server. To setup, please go to the Step 4 of Setup Wizard or go to "**Profile > Mail Server**".

**General**

Type: Basic Call Detail Record Report

From: 2019-09-09 16:12

To: 2019-09-09 16:12

Name: My\_CDR

Mail to: admin@portsip.com

Export as: CSV

**Call Status**

Answered

**Source**

Internal

**Destination**

Any

**Duration**

☒ Enable Duration Statistics

From: 5 Seconds To: 30 Seconds

Back Apply

Select the **“Call Statistics > Call Reports”** menu and click **“Generate”** to create a new call report.

- Select the date range for call histories.
- Enter the email address the report will be sent to.
- Choose your preferred Report Format from the drop-down list. Default is .CSV.
- Select the filtering criteria by call status. Selecting the **“Any”** option will include both answered or unanswered calls, whilst selecting the **“Answered”** will include the answered calls only.
- Select the filtering criteria by call duration, then enter the call duration range (in seconds). For example, enter 10 to **“From”**, and 20 to **“End”**, so that the call report will include all call histories with the call duration between 10 and 20 seconds.

Click the **“Apply”** button, the call report will be sent to the specified email.

## Chapter 8. WebRTC

PortSIP PBX has inbuilt WebRTC Gateway which provides an intelligent bridge between PBX and the WebRTC client from webpage.

### Settings

By clicking the **“WebRTC > Settings”** menu, you would be able to change the WebRTC settings.

- **Listen WSS:** Once **“Listen WSS”** is selected, you should also fill in below fields:
- **Listen WSS on port:** Set a port for the WSS, default is 10443.
- **Gateway Domain Name:** WebRTC Gateway domain name, which must be resolvable. If you don’t know it, enter the PortSIP PBX IP. **Note:** by default the domain is already configured, which does not require modification.
- **Certificate File:** For WSS, you must upload the certificate file. You can generate an SSL certificate file by yourself, or purchase a certificate from provider such as Thawte or Digicert. The certificate must match with the WebRTC Gateway domain (i.e. the previous **“Gateway Domain Name”**).

- **Private key file:** it will be generated with certificate together.
- **Password of Private key:** The password of private key file is the one you entered when you generate the certificate file. If there is not one, please leave it blank.

*Important: The WSS certificate files were configured by default, which does not require to upload it. The default certificate files are **"Self-signed"**, and thus it will pop up security warnings if you use the browser to open WebRTC client. You can purchase certificate from a third-party certificate provider in order to avoid security warning. For more details, please refer to the next section **"Setup WebRTC with the Authorized certificates"**.*

## Call Sessions

By click "**WebRTC > Call Sessions**" menu you can quickly monitor all the active calls and call details on the WebRTC.

## WebRTC Client

You can open the PortSIP inbuilt WebRTC client by click "**WebRTC > WebRTC Client**" menu in order to make & receive the WebRTC call in web page.

## Setup WebRTC with Authorized certificates

You can purchase an official certificate from the certificate provider such as [Thawte](#) or [Digicert](#) to avoid security alerts and the necessity of adding security exceptions manually. When purchasing the certificate, you should generate the private key and CSR by yourself – please read the certificate provider's instructions or ask the provider for support. We recommend you not to set the password for private key file, and you must keep the private key file by yourself.

Assume you have purchased a certificate from [Thawte](#) (in this case we use the Thawte SSL123 certificate as example) for your WebRTC Domain example.com. After download the certificate .zip file, you need to extract it and will get two files: IntermediateCA.crt and ssl\_certificate.crt. You need to use a plain text editor (for example Windows Notepad; do not use MS Word) to combine your two certs into one file by copying all text from IntermediateCA.crt and appending to ssl\_certificate.crt, with the ssl\_certificate.crt at the top and IntermediateCA.crt at the bottom.

1. Ensure the domain examplertc.com has been resolved correctly to the IP of server where PortSIP PBX is installed.
2. Sign in PortSIP PBX Management Console, click menu "**WebRTC> Settings**", check "Enable WebRTC service on WSS (Web Socket Security) **transport**", enter the "**exmaple.com**" for "**Gateway Domain Name**", and click the "**Browse**" button to upload your ssl\_certificate.crt and private key file. Once finished, click "**Apply**" button to save the settings.

Now you can click the "WebRTC Client" from the "WebRTC" menu to open the WebRTC Client, enter your extension number and password, and the SIP domain (this is the SIP domain of extension, not Gateway domain name"), click "**Login**" button to sign in the WebRTC Client to make & receive calls.

## Chapter 9. Contacts

PortSIP includes Contacts (Phone Book) feature to manage contacts. It enables to import and export contacts to the CSV file.

Contacts not only allows easy dialing of contacts, but also enables to match incoming call to customer names, so that caller is shown with its customer name instead of the caller ID.

The Contacts is synchronized with the PortSIP UC client apps and connected IP phones.

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Name	Member count	Description
<input type="checkbox"/> PublicPhonebook	0	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SalesPhonebook	0	

Manage  
Edit  
Delete

<>

By clicking "**Contacts**" menu, all the contacts in the phone book will be listed. You can click the "... " button to expand the menu beside a certain contact:

- **Manage** - To add the contacts into the phone book
- **Edit** - To change the phone book settings
- **Delete** - To delete the phone book

### Creating a new Phone book

By navigating to "**Contacts**" menu, and clicking the "**Add**" button, you can create a new Phone book and assign it to the specified extension group, so that the extensions of the extension group will be able to access this Phone book.

**Manage Contacts**

Name

Public Phonebook \*

Description

**Extension groups**

Allow below extension groups access this contacts

Sales Department

×

Support Department

×

\_\_DEFAULT\_\_

×

Add

<>

Back

Apply

### Importing & Exporting Phonebook Entries

You can import contact entries from a CSV file with the column headers on the first line, and each contact entry on a single line with fields separated by a comma. You may find the [example CSV file at PortSIP Website](#).

After you have downloaded that sample CSV file, you can fill in it with your contact entries. To import the company contact entries into the PortSIP PBX, sign in the Management Console:

1. Navigate to “**Contacts**” menu and click “**Import**” button.
2. Browse your saved CSV file, select it and click “**Open**” to import your contact entries into the phonebook.

To export entries from the PortSIP Contacts to a CSV file:

1. Navigate to the “**Contacts**” menu and select a phone book, and click “**Export**” button.
2. Enter the target CSV file and click “**Save**” to export your phonebook entries.

When an IP Phone is successfully provisioned, the phone books which assigned to this extension will be Synchronized to IP Phone automatically as “**Remote Phone Book**” for IP Phone.

## Chapter 10. Logs

---

The PBX Logs is an important troubleshooting tool that may help you identify the cause of simple (and possibly complicated) issues.

### 10.1 Event Log

The Event Log will display the information when an event occurs, for example, the media server is connected or disconnected, an transport is created.

### 10.2 Activity Log

The Activity Log will display the information for an operation which is completed or failed, for example, a conference room is successfully created.

### 10.3 Log Files

You can download the log files of the PBX and analyze it locally.

## Chapter 11. Advanced

---

After successful installation, the PortSIP PBX Configuration Wizard will guide the user go through a series of settings that elicit basic configuration data. After completing basic configuration with the Configuration Wizard, you can commit detailed configuration by using “**Advanced**” menu in Management Console of PortSIP PBX.

**Important Note:** only the administrator is allowed to access the “**Settings**” menu to change the settings. Neither the tenant nor extension could change the settings.

## 11.1 Settings

### General

You can change the general settings by selecting "**Advanced > Setting**" in PortSIP PBX Management Console.

Note: Usually we recommend NOT to change the default settings.

- **Log Level:** To output all SIP messages (sent and/or received) to log file in an easy-to-read manner. The log file is named as "*callmanager\_log*". Set the log level as "**None**" will make significant improvement to PBX performance.
- **Enable IPv6:** This option could be used to enable or disable support on IPv6.
- **Disable DIGEST authentication:** If DIGEST authentication is disabled, the authorization will be disabled as well. This option is deprecated (do not disable DIGEST challenges).
- **Disable auth-int DIGEST authentication:** Once this option is checked, auth-int quality of protection will be disabled.
- **Disable authentication of mid-dialog requests:** The PBX will not require authentication of all requests in dialogs if this option is selected.
- **Send 403 if a client sends a bad nonce:** Send 403 if a client sends a bad nonce in their credentials with this option selected. A new challenge will be sent if this options is unselected.
- **Allow "to" tag in Registrations:** Allow "to" tag in REGISTER message.
- **Statistics Log Interval:** Specify the interval for writes of the stack statistics to the log files. The default value is 600 seconds.
- **Enable Congestion Management:** Use this option to enable/disable the congestion management.
- **Congestion Management Metric:** The recommend value is **WAIT\_TIME**. This value is dependent on the expected wait time for each FIFO; this is calculated by multiplying the size with the average service time.
- **Congestion Management Tolerance:** Congestion Management Tolerance for the given metric. This determines when the Rejection Behavior changes. The default value is 80.

Value	Description
80	Percentage of max tolerance -> NORMAL (Not rejecting any request);
80 - 100	Percentage of max tolerance -> REJECTING_NEW_WORK (Refuses new work, not continuation of old work.);
> 100	Percentage of max tolerance -> REJECTING_NON_ESSENTIAL (Rejecting all work that is non-essential to the system (i.e. if dropping something is liable to cause a leak, instability, or state-bloat, don't drop it. Otherwise, reject it.).

- **Automatically create the extension when a non-existent extension tries to register:** If this option is selected, when a non-existent extension registers to PBX, the PBX will create this extension automatically. The default password for this new extension is "portsip".
- **Enable PRACK (Reliability of Provisional Responses):** If this option is selected, the Reliability of Provisional Responses (RFC3262) will be enabled.
- **Enable Flow Routing:** To enable RFC5626.

- **Close the session if no RTP packet received within specified period:** The PortSIP PBX tracks idle time for each of existing sessions (i.e. the time within which there were no packets received), and automatically cleans up a session whose idle time exceeded the value specified at compile time (120 seconds by default).
- **Enable the session timer (RFC4028):** Enable the session timer (RFC4028) to detect if the caller and callee are online. If this option is selected, the PBX will send repeated INVITE requests to both caller and callee. The call will be hung up by PBX if the INVITE is not correctly responded.
- **Session timer duration:** Specify the session timer duration during which the PBX will send INVITE message to caller and callee. Default value is 120 seconds, and the minimize value is 90 seconds.
- **DNS Server:** Specify the DNS server here, which overrides default OS detected DNS server list. If it is left blank, the PortSIP PBX will use default DNS server for system.

## Port Range

You can change the Media server RTP range by selecting "**Advanced > Port Range**" in PortSIP PBX Management Console.

## Advanced

You can change the advanced settings by selecting "Advanced > Settings" in PortSIP PBX Management Console.

- **Dial code:** Specify the prefix for making the Paging/Intercom call. With this prefix specified, when the calling number is prefixed with dial code, the PBX will process the call as Paging/Intercom. For more information, please see Section "**Paging**" and "**Intercom**".
- **Alert-Info header for Auto Answer:** Choose the "**Alert-Info**" header's value, which will be inserted into the SIP INVITE message when making Paging/Intercom call. For example, if "**alert-autoanswer**" is chosen, the below header will be inserted into SIP INVITE message: "**Alert-Info:info=alert-autoanswer**". Once the extension IP Phone detected "**Alert-Info**", it will answer the call automatically and turn on the speaker.
- **Enable Call-Info header for Auto answer:** Insert the "**Call-Info**" header into the SIP INVITE message when making Paging/Intercom call. For example, if this option is selected, the below header will be inserted into SIP INVITE message: "**Call-Info: sip:portsip.com;answer-after=0**". Once the extension IP Phone detected "**Call-Info**", it will answer the call automatically and turn on the speaker.
- **Require Answer Mode (RFC5373):** Insert the "**AnswerMode**" into the SIP INVITE message when making Paging/Intercom call. For example, if this option is selected, the below header will be inserted into SIP INVITE message: "**AnswerMode: auto**". Once the extension IP Phone detected "**AutoAnswer**" as "**auto**", it will answer the call automatically and turn on the speaker. Different IP phones support different auto answer modes. Please refer to your IP Phone manual to choose the correct mode.
- **Busy Lamp Field:** In this section, you could check "**Enable Dialog State Agent**" and enter value for "**Ringling Call Prefix**" and "**Held Call Prefix**" respectively to enable Busy Lamp Field feature for calls. Default value for "**Ringling Call Prefix**" is , and ## for "**Held Call Prefix**".



For example, an administrative assistant can see the status of their supervisor's line so he or she knows when their boss is on the phone. Speed Dial is also available, which means the assistant can pick up the phone, press the line configured to their supervisor's line, and their supervisor's extension will ring. If the boss' extension is 101:

1. The assistant could use his/her IP phone to dial \*\*101 to pick up the boss' incoming call, if there no available incoming call, PBX will try to pickup the held call
2. The assistant could dial ##101 on his/her own IP phone to pick up the call which held by boss

## 11.2 SBC

PortSIP includes the Session Border Controller (SBC) which can be used for the following reasons:

- Resolve issues of NAT Traversal at both the remote and the PBX location.
- Simplify Firewall configuration at both the remote and the PBX location.
- Overcome difficulties with ISPs that block VoIP Traffic based on port numbers.
- Allows VoIP-over-WiFi in some restricted locations, such as Hotel rooms.
- **"Fixes"** Firewalls that cannot handle VoIP traffic correctly or which are very problematic to configure correctly, such as Microsoft ISA Server.

**SBC**  
SBC allows remote extensions accessing PortSIP PBX. It requires the server to open up 3 ports on firewall  
☐ Enable SBC  
SIP Signaling Port   
STUN Port

Apply

Currently the SBC feature only supports UDP transport.

Once the SBC is enabled and the SIP Signaling port and STUN port are specified, you can block all other ports in your firewall and remain the SIP Signaling port, STUN port and STUN port + 1 open as the client IP phones, apps only need these three ports to make & receive calls.

**Note:** The STUN port + 1 indicates when the STUN port is 3478, the STUN port + 1 means 3479.

## 11.3 CTI

The PortSIP PBX support advanced CTI features, for example, silence monitoring, whisper, barge-in, barge-break.

Silent call monitoring allows a supervisor to eavesdrop on a call conversation. The most common scenario is in a call center where a call agent is speaking with a customer. Call centers need to be able to guarantee the quality of customer service that an agent in a call center provides. With silent monitoring, the supervisor can hear both call participants, but neither of the call participants can hear the supervisor.

Silent monitoring is call based. When a supervisor invokes a silent monitoring session, the following occurs:

- If you want someone (for example, the call queue manager) do silence monitor, you will follow below steps:

- ### Example:

1. Click the menu "**Call manager > Extension groups**", create a new group which named "**Queue Manager**"
2. Selected this extension group and click the "... " button, choose "**Edit**" menu, click the "**Monitor**" tab
3. In "**Monitor**" tab, add the 101 and 102 into the monitor members
4. Checked the "**Allow monitor**" option and click the "**Apply**" button
5. Click the menu "**Advanced > CTI**", checked "**Enable Monitor**" option, and click the "**Apply**" button.
6. Now if the extension 103 has a call, then 101 or 102 can silence monitor 103 by dial "**888\*103**"
7. During silence monitoring, the 101 or 102 can press DTMF 2 to whisper, press 3 to barge-in, and press 4 to barge-break the 103's call
8. The 101 or 102 can dial "**888\*103\*1**" or "**888\*103**" directly to silence monitoring; By dial "**888\*103\*2**" to whisper 103, dial "**888\*103\*3**" directly to barge-in, and dial "**888\*103\*4**" directly to barge-break the 103's call.

The media server is used for handling NAT scenarios and acts as a relay gateway for RTP sessions of calls. With the PortSIP PBX successfully installed, a built-in media server has been enabled by default. The RTP packet from VoIP Endpoint A will be routed to Endpoint B with both IP and Port translation during each call established.

<input type="checkbox"/> Server Name	Private IPv4	Public IPv4	Private IPv6	Public IPv6	Port	Enabled	Status	
<input type="checkbox"/> __DEFAULT__	192.168.0.16	192.168.0.16			8896	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Online	⋮

## Adding External Media Server

The PortSIP PBX uses default media server to relay RTP packets for calls. A large amount of simultaneous calls will lead to high loads of CPU, network bandwidth, memory overload, voice latency, unavailability for new calls etc. You can add more media servers to handle the RTP packets relay in order to reduce the PortSIP PBX IP loads and decrease network latency.

**Settings for Media Server**

Server Name	MediaServer2 *
Private IPv4	192.168.0.18
Public IPv4	
Private IPv6	
Public IPv6	
Server Port	8896 *
Maximum call sessions	2000 *
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enabled	

Back

Apply

Select the "**Advanced > Media Server**" menu in PortSIP PBX Management Console, click "**Add**" and enter a friendly name for the new Media server, and the IP of new Media Server (it could be IPv4 or IPv6), and port number (default is 8896). Also please specify the maximum of call sessions the media server could support on RTP data transportation.

## Editing Media Server

You can view all the added media servers by clicking the menu "**Advanced > Media Server**". In the media server list, you can check the state for each server, such as enabled or disabled, connected to PBX or disconnected. You may also configure the media server settings by clicking "... " icon to popups the menu and choose the "**Edit**". In the "**Maximum call sessions**" filed, you can specify the maximum call sessions the media server could handle. You can also disable a media server by turning off the "**Enabled**" switch button in the media server list.

## Removing Media Server

You can view the media servers by clicking "**Advanced > Media Server**". To remove a media server, please click to select the server, and click the "**Delete**" button on the top of web page. After a media server is removed, the PortSIP PBX will no longer use it to relay the RTP packets.

**Note:** The Built-in(default) Media Server cannot be removed, but you can disable it by clicking the "**Enabled**" button to disable it. Be careful about the Built-in Media server. If you disabled it and did not add any other media servers, the RTP packet will be sent directly between SIP endpoints during the calls, and if the PortSIP PBX is running on internet, it may cause no audio and video transmit in the call.

## 11.5 Managing Conference Server

PortSIP PBX System provides multi-user conference features. Once the PBX successfully installed, a built-in conference server is enabled by default. You can create as many conferences as you like, as long as there still are free system resources (i.e. memory, CPU, bandwidth) left.

### Adding External Conference Server

PortSIP PBX uses conference server to handle the conference. The large amount of simultaneous calls or a lot of conference servers will lead PBX server to high loads of CPU, network bandwidth and memory, which eventually cause voice latency, and unavailability to handle new calls. You can add more conference servers to handle the conference in order to reduce the PBX Server loads and decrease network latency.

**Settings for Conference Server**

Server Name	<input type="text" value="ConferenceServer2"/>	*
IPv4 Address	<input type="text" value="192.168.0.20"/>	
IPv6 Address	<input type="text"/>	
Server Port	<input type="text" value="8886"/>	*
Maximum Rooms	<input type="text" value="200"/>	*
Maximum Participants	<input type="text" value="10"/>	*

In PortSIP PBX Management Console, select the "**Advanced > Conference Server**" menu, click "**Add**" button, and enter a friendly name for the new Conference Server, the IP of new Conference Server (could be IPv4 or IPv6), and conference server port 8886. Also please enter the maximum conference rooms and maximum participants, and click "**Apply**" button.

### Editing Conference Server

You can view all the added conference servers by clicking "**Advanced > Conference Server**". In the conference server list, you can check the state for each server, such as enabled or disabled, connected to PBX or disconnected. You may also configure the conference server settings by clicking "**Edit**" icon button to popups the menu and choose "**Edit**". In the "**Maximum Rooms**" filed, you can specify the maximum conference rooms for this conference server that you can handle. You can also disable a conference server by turning off the "**Enabled**" switch in the conference server list.

### Removing Conference Server

You can view all the Conference Servers by clicking "**Advanced > Conference Server**". To remove a conference server, click to select the server to be removed and "Delete" button from the top of webpage. Once the Conference Server is removed, the PortSIP PBX will no longer use this Conference Server to handle conference.

**Note:** The Built-in Conference Server cannot be removed, but you can disable it by clicking the "**Enabled**" switch. Be careful about the Built-in Conference server. If you disabled it and did not add other conference server, the conference feature will not be enabled.

## 11.6 Configuring Mobile PUSH

PortSIP PBX uses PUSH technology to wake up the smartphone when a call is received on client. Mobile PUSH messages wake up PortSIP Softphone or other Client Apps on mobile device so that a call or Instant Message can be accepted, reducing battery usage and improving reliability.

Android phones receive PUSH notifications from Firebase Cloud Messaging Server; Apple phones receive PUSH notifications from APNs.

### Add App for enabling PUSH notification

Mobile PUSH messages wake up PortSIP Softphone or other Client Apps on mobile device so that a call or Instant Message can be accepted, reducing battery usage and improving reliability  
Android devices receive PUSH notifications from Firebase Cloud Messaging Server; iOS devices receive PUSH notifications from APNs  
PortSIP PBX is pre-configured with PortSIP Softphone account for receiving mobile PUSH. You can create your own Firebase or APN account to instead of the PortSIP account. [Click here](#)

#### PUSH notification for App

☒ Enabled

☒ Connect to Apple / Google Production PUSH server  
☐ Connect to Apple / Google Development PUSH server

App Name	<input type="text" value="com.portsip.test"/>
Google Server Key	<input type="text" value="AAAADEskzM:APA91bFIT77M7r8WddJ6St5h"/>
Google SenderId	<input type="text" value="05952811003"/>
Apple Certificate file	<input type="text" value="test-cert.pem"/> ...
Apple Private key file (no password)	<input type="text" value="test-key.pem"/> ...

[Back](#) [Apply](#)

PortSIP UC Client app has built-in push service enabled by default in PortSIP PBX. If you wish to enable another app, you can create your own Firebase or APN account to support the push notifications for your apps.

Configure PortSIP PBX for Mobile PUSH Notifications

1. Login to the PortSIP PBX Management console.
2. Navigate to “**Advanced > Mobile PUSH > Add new APP**” for setting up a new app for receiving PUSH notifications.
3. Check “**Enable**” to enable PUSH notification.
4. Enter the App ID.
5. If necessary, enter Google Server Key and Google SenderID for Android clients, and upload Apple Certificate File and Apple Private Key file for Apple clients.
6. Click “**Apply**” to apply the settings and restart all clients so they re-provision and take the latest settings. The step by step guide for make the Mobile PUSH notifications works with your app and PortSIP PBX, please refer to below topics:

1. [Implement the PUSH notifications in Native iOS App with PortSIP PBX](#)
2. [Implement the PUSH notifications in Android App with PortSIP PBX](#)

## 11.7 Configuring Voicemail

### Set the extension number of voicemail

When the PortSIP PBX is successfully installed, the Voicemail service would be enabled by default. You can specify the voicemail service extension number by clicking "**Advanced > Voice Mail**" node in left menu.

Users could dial to read his voice mails. The default voice mail number is 999.

### Set voice mail quota

PortSIP PBX allows you specify the disk quota to store the voice mails. The default value is unlimited. You can also enter the number of days that they will be kept before they're deleted automatically.

## 11.8 Security

PortSIP PBX provides security features with main purpose to block any malicious attacks targeted to the PortSIP PBX in case the admin has not taken necessary precautions at firewall level. It works by detecting and blocking packet floods / DoS attacks or brute force dictionary attacks within the scope of identifying and cracking the extension number and the password.

The Anti Hacking configuration page is accessible by clicking on the menu "**Advanced > Security**".

### Detection Period

This is a time interval in seconds when counting starts but no action is enforced. To disable security, set it to a higher value.

### Failed Authentication Protection

This is the protection in case the attacker tries to use a dictionary attack to guess the password set for a particular extension. To do this the attacker has to send numerous invites and after the server sends a "Proxy authentication Required message" the attacker will send an invite with authentication. With this feature, the attacker can only send 25 requests in an attempt to crack the password. If an IP Address spams PortSIP with 10 wrong Authentication attempts in "Detection Period", that IP address will be blocked and put in the blacklist for the time specified in the "SIP Blacklist time interval" parameter, by default 1 hour.

### Failed Challenge Requests (407)

D.O.S attacks can send REGISTER/INVITE requests but do not reply to Challenge (407). Configure the amount of "**fake**" requests that PortSIP PBX will accept per IP Address. If this value is exceeded in "**Detection Period**" interval the source IP address is put in the Blacklist. IP will remain blacklisted till "**SIP Blacklist time interval**" expires, by default 1 hour.

## Level 2 security

This is the 2nd layer of protection. Here you can specify how many packets can be sent from a unique source IP address. The default value is 2000 packets per second. If an IP Address is sending more than 2000 packets per second, it means that there is something wrong. At this point the attacker IP will be blocked until "Level 2 blacklist time interval" expires.

## Level 1 security

This is the 1st layer in packets per second. If an IP sends more packets than the amount specified per second, it will get blacklisted for the "**Level 1 blacklist time interval**". Default value is 5000 packets per second. At this layer, once that packet rate exceeds this layer, the blacklist is enforced.

Once an IP address was blocked due to above rules, it will display in the 12.3 section, from which you can add it into "**Whitelist**" manually.

## 11.9 Backup and Restore

PortSIP PBX has provided backup and restore feature to backup system settings and data, which enables to easily restore system and data when necessary, or migrate the system from one machine to another.

### Backup

To backup the PBX, please:

1. Go to "**Advanced > Backup**" menu, and click "**Backup**" button on top of the page.
2. Enter the filename for the backup in "**Backup File Name**", and choose the files to be included in the backup.
3. Click "**Apply**" to commit the backup.
4. It will take a while to complete the backup. Once completed, please refresh the page to view the backup file. User now may click to select one item of the list and click "... " icon button to popups the menu and choose "**download**" to download it to local, or click "**Restore**" button to restore PBX from backup file.

### Migrate PBX to another Machine on Windows

To migrate the PortSIP PBX from one machine to another:

1. Backup the PBX as described in [above steps](#), and download the backup file to local.
2. In the new machine which has the PortSIP PBX installed, copy that downloaded backup file to the **c:\ProgramData\PortSIP\backups** folder of new PBX server (The **c:\ProgramData** is hidden folder)
3. Sign in Web Management Console of PortSIP PBX Click menu "**Advanced > Backup**", you will see that backup file.
4. Click the "... " button of this back file to expand the menu, choose "**Restore**"
5. Once the restoration is completed, you will be redirected to the Sign-in page. Sign in again (If you fail to sign in, please wait a while as the restoration is not completed yet)

## Migrate PBX to another Machine on Linux

To migrate the PortSIP PBX from one machine to another:

1. Backup the PBX as described in [above steps](#), and download the backup file to local.
2. In the new machine which has the PortSIP PBX installed, copy that downloaded backup file to the **/var/lib/portsip/backups** folder of new PBX server
3. Perform this command to change the owner of the backup file:

```
sudo chown 888:888 /var/lib/portsip/backups/backupfile.ar
```

4. Sign in Web Management Console of PortSIP PBX, click the menu "**Advanced > Backup**", you will see that backup file.
5. Click the "..." button of this back file to expand the menu, choose "**Restore**"
6. Once the restoration is completed, you will be redirected to the Sign-in page. Sign in again (If you fail to sign in, please wait a while as the restoration is not completed yet)

## Backup Schedule

In addition to common single backup, user may also setup "**Backup Schedule**" to backup PBX settings and data regularly.

To do this, please go to "**Advanced > Backup**" menu, click "**Backup Schedule**" button on top of the page, and fill in below fields if necessary:

- **Enable backup schedule:** Please check this selection to enable "**Backup Schedule**".
- **Choose items to be included in backup:** This sections lists all the files available for backup, including a few items which can be backup. A selected item indicates the file type to be included in backup.
- **Backup timing:** Backup could be scheduled to execute daily or weekly by selecting the list time. Once selected, user may specify the hour for stating backup. For weekly backup, the weekday for running backup is also necessary.

## 11.10 License

Without a license, PortSIP PBX could work for up to 3 simultaneous calls. If you require more, you will need to purchase a license.

Feel free to contact [sales@portsip.com](mailto:sales@portsip.com) to purchase the license.

Once you have received the license key, please click the menu "**Advanced > License**", and enter the key received.

PortSIP PBX requires Internet connection to verify the license key periodically. Please ensure that your PBX server could be connected to Internet smoothly. If the license key verifications fails, the PBX will be downgraded to free version which only allow maximum of 3 simultaneous calls.

Do not let others know your license key. If PortSIP PBX detects a second user, it will be forced into invalid and will downgrades to free version which only allow maximum of 3 simultaneous calls.



Please contact PortSIP Support or reseller if you encountered any license key related issue.

## Chapter 12. Blacklist and Codes

---

### 12.1 Codes and E164

PortSIP PBX allows to set the allowed country code and disallowed code in order to stop extension dialing a specific country.

To allow or disallow the country code, please click the “**Blacklist and Codes > Codes and E164 > Allowed Country Codes**”, you can select or de-select one of more than one country.

#### Disallowed Codes

User may use this feature to block the calls made on the trunks by specified prefix.

Go to “**Blacklist and Codes > Codes and E164**” menu, select the “**Disallowed Codes**” tab, you can add the disallowed number prefix by click the “**Add**” button.

### 12.2 Number Blacklist

PortSIP PBX allows you to block certain number. All requests associated with blacklist will be blocked immediately.

To add the number into blacklist:

1. Sign in the PortSIP PBX Management Console
2. Click on “**Blacklist and Codes > Number Blacklist**” from the left menu
3. Click “**Add**” to add a new entry
4. Enter the number that you want to block and enter the description

### 12.3 IP Blacklist

PortSIP PBX allows you to whitelist and blacklist IP addresses. All traffic originated from whitelisted IP addresses will be allowed through unchecked by the anti-hacking features. All traffic originating from blacklisted IP addresses will be dropped immediately.

#### Adding a Whitelist Entry to PortSIP PBX

Assume that you have a remote office connected to your PortSIP PBX. Your remote office has a public IP address of 123.123.123.123. Traffic from this IP address is trusted. To add this IP address into whitelist, you'll need to follow below steps:

Blacklist/Whitelist IP or Range of IP Addresses	
IP Address	123.123.123.123 *
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.255 ▾
IP address range	123.123.123.123
Action	Allow ▾
Description	My remote office
Expiration Date	2019-09-27 14:42

Back Apply

1. Sign in the PortSIP PBX Management Console.
2. Click on **"Blacklist and Codes" > "IP Blacklist"**.
3. Click **"Add"** to add an entry.
4. Enter the IP address that you want to allow – in this example it should be 123.123.123.123 (you can also enter the IP 123.123.123.0 and choose a Subnet Mask to allow an IP range).
5. Choose **"Allow"** for **"Action"** field.
6. Add a description for the IP address, for example **"My Remote office"**.
7. Click **"Apply"**. An allow entry will be created in the IP Blacklist page for the whitelisted IP address. All traffic originated from this IP address will not be checked and the anti-hacking algorithms will not come into effect.

## Blocking an IP Address or a range of IP Addresses

Let us look at another scenario. Assume that there is a distributed attack coming from the following IP addresses – 41.202.160.2 and 41.202.191.5. These two IP addresses have already been blacklisted by PortSIP PBX's anti-hacking auto-detection mechanisms.

You would, however, want to blacklist all the range, since you are sure that you will never get any traffic from these IP addresses. In this case, we will blacklist the whole range from 41.202.0.0 to 41.202.255.255, i.e. all the IP addresses that started with 41.202.

Blacklist/Whitelist IP or Range of IP Addresses	
IP Address	41.202.0.0 *
Subnet Mask	255.255.0.0 ▾
IP address range	41.202.0.0 - 41.202.255.255
Action	Permanently block ▾
Description	Anti D.O.S attack coming from 41.202.xx
Expiration Date	2026-09-16 19:30

Back Apply

1. Sign in the PortSIP PBX Management Console
2. Click on **"Blacklist and Codes > IP Blacklist"**
3. Click **"Add"** to add an entry
4. In the **"IP address"** enter the first address of the network range you want to block. For this example we will enter 41.202.0.0

5. Since we want to block all IP addresses started with 41.202, we will select a Subnet Mask of 255.255.0.0. The range of IP addresses contained in this mask will be displayed below
6. Set Action to **"Permanently block"**.
7. Enter a Description for this entry to help you remember why you added this entry, for example "Anti D.O.S attack coming from 41.202.x.x".
8. Click **"Apply"**. A block entry will be created in the IP Blacklist page. All traffic coming from this IP address range will be checked, anti-hacking algorithms will come into effect and all packets from this IP Address range will be completely dropped and ignored
9. The PortSIP Blacklist / Whitelist mechanism does not conform a replacement of firewall. It merely provides a defense mechanism to help differentiate traffic trustable, and traffic not trustworthy. If, for example, you want to block all traffic to your network and allow only your VoIP Provider IP address, you need to set this up on your firewall.

When configuring a range of IP addresses in the Blacklist, you should also ensure that the range does not include the IP address of which the PBX is installed.

## Chapter 13. Profile

---

The admin and tenant user can manage their profile by selecting the **"Profile"** menu from the PortSIP PBX Management Console.

### 13.1 General

The admin user(admin also is a tenant) or tenant user can modify their profile details in the **"General"** tab: Username: The username for the admin or tenant user.

#### General Information

- **Username:** You can change the username (used for signing into web management console)
- **Password:** If the password was modified, the admin or tenant user must use new password to login to management console.
- **Domain:** The SIP domain for the tenant.
- **Company name and company website:** The company name and company website for the admin or tenant user. The extension's company name and company website is inherited from the admin/tenant user who created the extension.
- **Email:** The email for admin or tenant user, which is used for receiving notification from PBX.

#### Capability

This section will display the capability of the admin/tenant. The tenant cannot modify the capability for himself.

- Maximum Extensions
- Maximum simultaneous calls
- Maximum Ring Groups
- Maximum Call Queues
- Maximum Conference Rooms

- Maximum Virtual Receptionists

## Options

- **Country:** The country of the tenant
- **Time zone and Currency:** The time zone and currency for the admin or tenant. This setting will affect all extensions created by the admin or tenant.
- **Billing for all outbound calls:** If this option is selected, when the extension make outbound call via trunk/VoIP provider, and the extension balance is not enough, the call fails. And if the outbound call is established, but after a while, the extension balance is not enough to make long call, the call will be hung up automatically.
- **Billing for all inbound calls:** If this option is selected, when the extension receives inbound call from trunk/VoIP provider, and the extension balance is not enough, the call fails. And if the outbound call is established, but after a while, the extension balance is not enough to make long call, the call will be hung up automatically.
- **Enable extension to modify personal SIP password:** If this option is un-selected, the extension can't modify his SIP password.
- **Enable extension audio recording:** If selected, the extension calls will be recorded as wav file
- **Enable extension video recording:** If selected, the extension video calls will be recorded as AVI video file
- **Record the call as dual tracks:** If selected, the PBX will record the caller and callee voice into dual tracks in the audio file, one track store the caller voice, another track store the callee voice.
- **Extension is not allowed to delete recordings:** If selected, the extension cannot delete the recording files
- **Allow concurrent logins:** If this option is selected, the tenant can sign in management console from multiple devices. If deselected, once tenant signs in, the login in another PC/mobile phone will be invalid
- **Allow display extension password in local:** If selected, when editing extension in the "**Call Manager > Extension > General**", the extension password will be displayed
- **Allow extension to create temporary meeting:** If selected, the extensions of this tenant will be able to create temporary meetings via REST API

## 13.2 Office Hours

PortSIP PBX allows you to specify your office hours, after which the calls can be configured to be routed on the base of the office hours. For example, in the office hours, calls will be routed to your extension, and to voice mail when outside the office hours.

General
Office Hours
Storage
Mail Server
Music on hold
Event URL
SMS

### Office Hours

Specify your office hours. Calls could be handled differently depending on whether they are received during or out of office hours

Monday Configure	Tuesday Configure	Wednesday Configure	Thursday Configure	Friday Configure	Saturday Configure	Sunday Configure
---------------------	----------------------	------------------------	-----------------------	---------------------	-----------------------	---------------------

### Holidays

System will be switched to Out Of Office hours mode on these days and times

Add

Name	Date	Time	Every Year
------	------	------	------------

<
>

Apply

You can click "**Configure**" to set up the office hours for every weekday.

## Holidays

You can also set up the holidays by clicking the "**Add**" button in "**Holidays**" Section. When a call is made or received during the holiday, it will be treated according to the "**Out of office hours**" rule.

## 13.3 Storage

The "**Storage**" tab allows to adjust the storage quota for Recording files, Voice Mails and the Call Reports:

- **Disk quota (MB)** - The maximum disk quota allowed for this tenant
- **Recordings** - Current disk usage of recordings for this tenant
- **Voice Mails** - Current disk usage of voice mails for this tenant

## 13.4 Mail Server

To enable email notifications with PortSIP PBX, the SMTP details must be configured by going to "**Profile > Mail Server**".

If you using the Google SMTP server, please make sure that you have "**less secure**" enabled for your Gmail account. Please refer to below links for more details:

[Less secure apps & your Google Account](#)

You also need to select SSL or TLS security protocol if you're using Google SMTP Server.

## 13.5 Music on Hold

"**Music on Hold**" could be leveraged to set the music on hold and the rules for playing.

- **Enable:** This box could be checked to enable "**Music on Hold**" so that when a call is on hold, music will be played to the hold caller. To enable this feature, at least one piece of music file must be specified.

- **Personalized Music on Hold:** Once this option is selected, music will be played for the hold caller in random. Default playing mode is “**Random music per day**”.
- **Random music per call:** When Personalized Music on Hold is checked, user could specify check this option so that music on hold for each call may differ.
- **Random music per day:** Default playing mode for Personalized Music on Hold.
- **Music on Hold:** Music could be uploaded here by clicking “...” button to navigate the desired music files. To enable “Music on Hold” feature, this field is mandatory. Only .WAV files supported currently.
  - **Music 1:**
  - .....
  - **Music 9:** More music files could be uploaded by using these fields to support on random music feature.

## 13.6 Event URL

### Event URL

By setting up Event URL, PortSIP PBX is able to send CDR (Call Detail Report) and Extension activity details to 3rd server by of HTTP request in POST method(Web Hook). The CDR is formatted in JSON. To setup, please go to “**Profile > Event URL**” of Management Console.

### CDR Events

To send the CDR event to a 3rd server, below options should be provided:

**Authentication method:** The authentication method used when sending request to third-party server. Both HTTP Basic Authentication and HTTP Digest Authentication are supported by PortSIP PBX. If authentication is not necessary, please choose “None”.

- **Username:** Username used for authentication.
- **Password:** Password used for authentication.
- **CDR URL:** URL used for sending CDR to third-party server, e.g. <http://www.cdrserver.com/add.php>.

Once set, CDR will be sent as below:

```
{
  "answered_time":"1569567973",
  "call_id":"b3dKobNICwIOsjwvIqD4A..",
  "call_status":"ANSWERED",
  "callee":"102",
  "callee_domain":"portsip.io",
  "caller":"101",
  "caller_display_name": "",
  "caller_domain":"portsip.io",
  "did_cid": ""
```

```
"direction":"ext",
"ended_reason":"caller hangup",
"ended_time":"1569567981",
"fail_code":"0",
"final_dest":"sip:102@192.168.0.16:7059",
"outbound_caller_id":"",
"related_callid1":"",
"related_callid2":"",
"ring_duration":"5",
"ring_time":"1569567968",
"start_time":"1569567968",
"talk_duration":"8",
"tenant_id":"229806676134465536",
"tenant_name":"admin"}
```

Of the CDR messages sent, *call\_start\_time*, *call\_answered\_time*, *call\_ended\_time*, *target\_add\_time*, *target\_answered\_time* and *target\_ended\_time* are all formatted in UNIX time, which is a system for describing instants in time, defined as the number of seconds that have elapsed since 00:00:00 Coordinated Universal Time (UTC), Thursday, 1 January 1970. User needs to count the actual time with the timezone information.

## Extension Events

To send the Extension events to 3rd server, below options should be provided:

**Authentication method:** The authentication method used when sending request to third-party server. Both HTTP Basic Authentication and HTTP Digest Authentication are supported by PortSIP PBX. If authentication is not necessary, please choose “None”.

**Username:** Username used for authentication.

**Password:** Password used for authentication.

**Event URL:** URL used for sending events to third-party server, e.g. <http://www.eventsserver.com/add.php>.

Once set, the extension events will be sent as below:

```
{
  "event_type": "extension_registered",
  "tenant_id": "admin",
  "extension_number": "101",
  "source_ip": "192.168.0.98",
```

"time": 1489482652, "domain": "sip.portsip.net"

}

## 13.7 SMS

### SMS

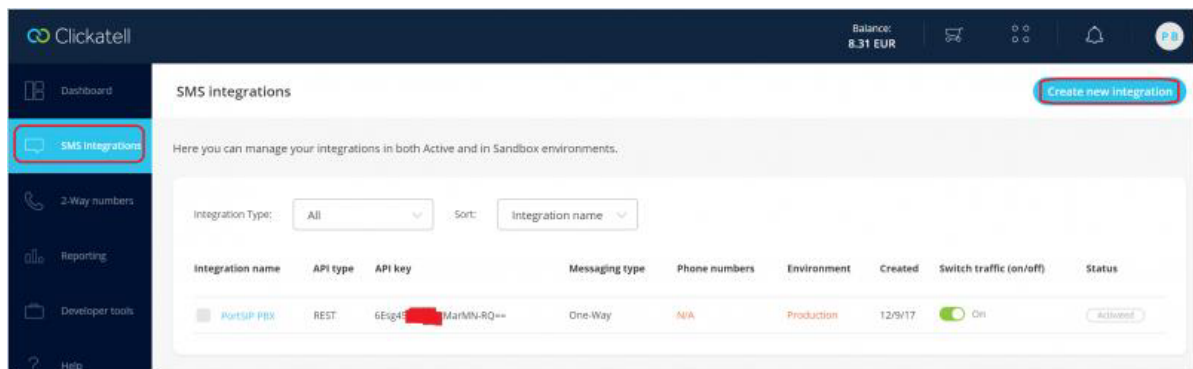
By setting up SMS, PortSIP PBX will be able to send SMS message when it receives a text message from extension.

To setup, go to **"Profile > SMS"** of Management Console. To enable the SMS feature, below options should be provided:

- **Enable:** By checking/unchecking this option, you are allowed to enable or disable the SMS feature.
- **SMS Provider:** SMS providers supported by PortSIP PBX, currently including Twilio, Clickatell, Nexmo, SMSAPI. You can signup an account from one of these providers.

### Setup with Clickatell

Clickatell is a SMS provider. You can visit <https://www.clickatell.com> to register an account and sign in.

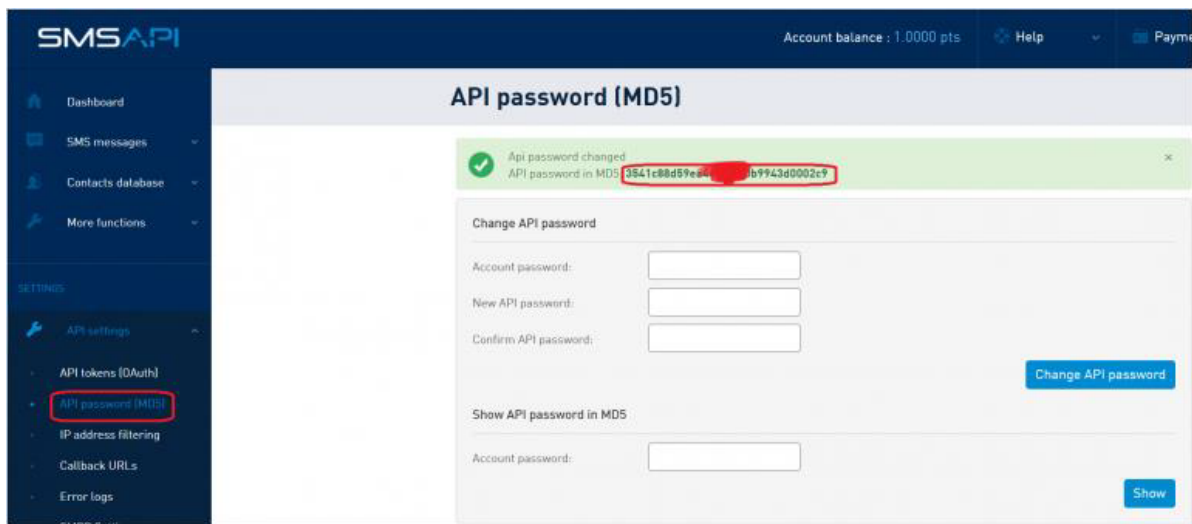


Click the **"SMS integrations"** on the left menu, and the **"Create new integration"** in the top right corner. Follow the wizard to create and copy API key once integration created. Note: You should choose **"REST"** as the API type. Now in PortSIP PBX, choose the SMS provider **"Clickatell"**, paste the copied API key into **"API key/Token"**.

### SMSAPI

SMSAPI is a SMS provider. You can visit <https://www.smsapi.com> to register an account and sign in.



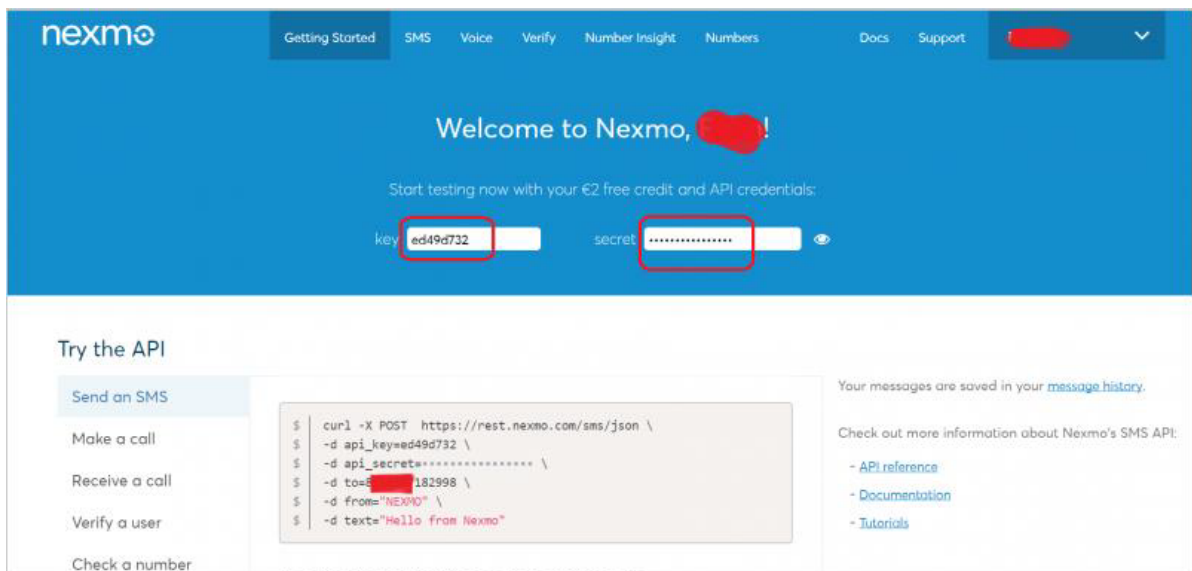


Click the “**API password (MD5)**” on the left menu. In the “**Change API Password**” section displayed, enter your account password and new API password, click “**Change API password**”. In this page the “**API password in MD5**” will show up, please copy the MD5 string.

Now in PortSIP PBX, choose the SMS provider “**SMSAPI**”, paste the copied API MD5 string to “**Password**”, enter your SMSAPI account.

## Nextmo

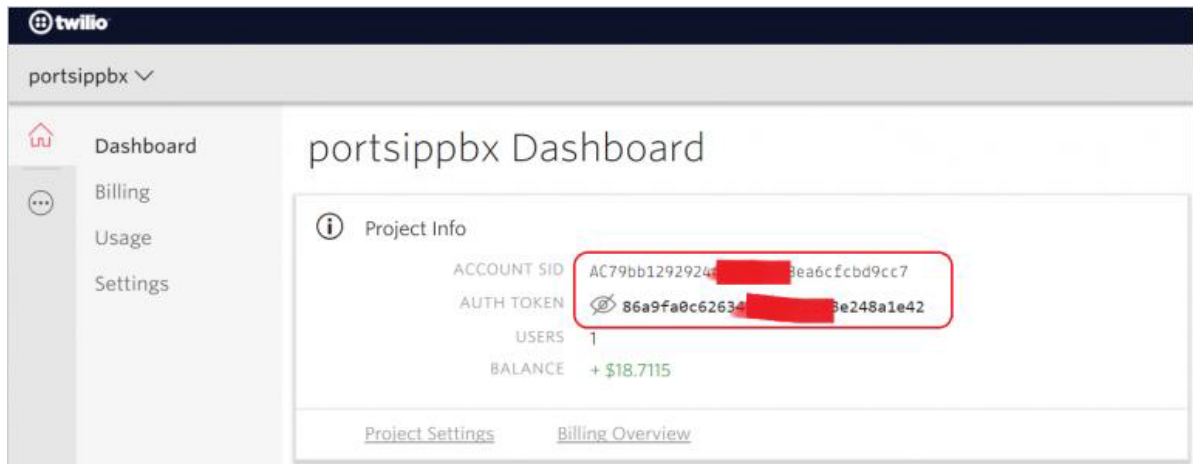
Nextmo is a SMS provider. You can visit <https://www.nextmo.com> to register an account and sign in.



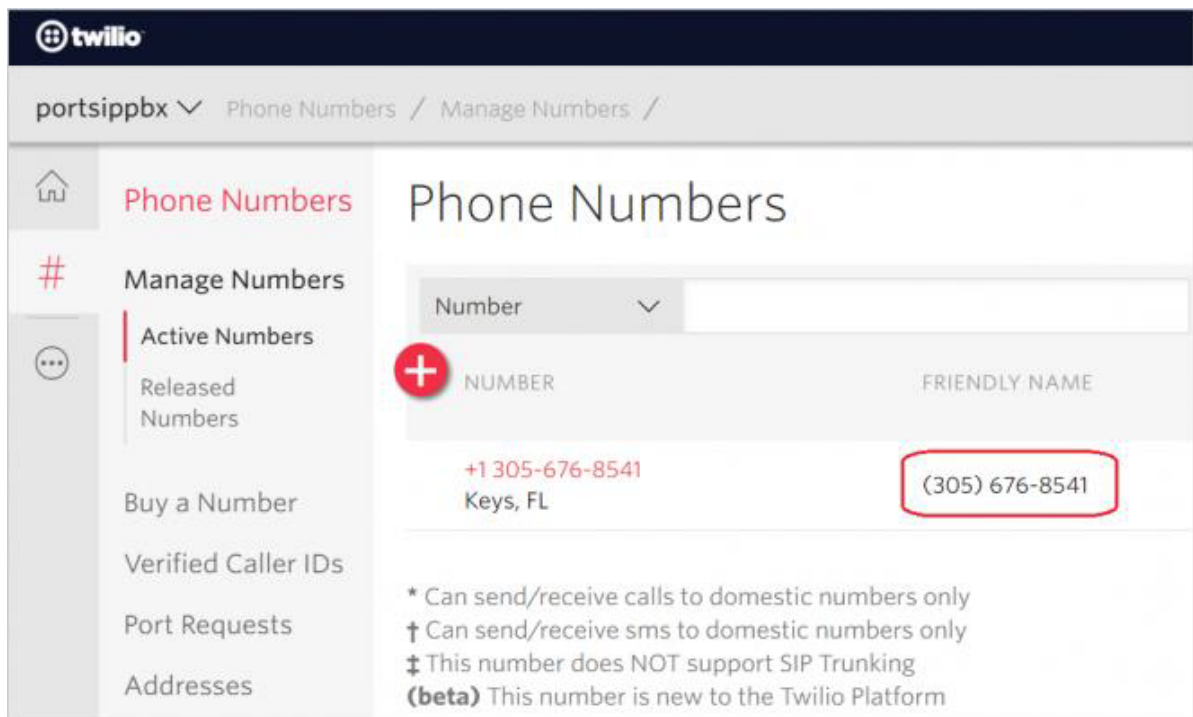
Now in PortSIP PBX, choose the SMS provider as “**Nexmo**”, copy the “**key**” from Nexmo and paste to “**Username**” filed in PortSIP PBX, copy the “**secret**” from Nexmo and paste to “**Password**” filed in PortSIP PBX. Enter a name for “**From**” filed if you want to specify the SMS sender.

## Twilio

Twilio is a SMS provider. You can visit <https://www.twilio.com> to register an account and sign in.



To work with Twilio, you should also buy a number in order to send the SMS. To do so, click the Manage Numbers in **“Phone Numbers”** section and follow the instructions to buy a number.



Now in PortSIP PBX, choose the SMS provider **“Twilio”**, copy the **“ACCOUNT SID”** from Twilio Console Dashboard to **“Username”** field in PortSIP PBX, copy the **“AUTH TOKEN”** from Twilio Console Dashboard to **“Password”** field in PortSIP PBX, and copy the phone number to **“From”** field in PortSIP PBX.

**Note**, you should remove the “(”, “-”, and blank space from the phone number before pasting to PortSIP PBX. For example, the (305) 676-8541 should be 3056768541.

**\*Important:** Before you fill the SMS provider information into PortSIP PBX, we recommend you to send some test SMS messages in your SMS provider management console/panel to make sure SMS works well.\*

**Example:**

If you have setup the SMS provider, now an extension sends a pager message to PortSIP PBX, and indicates that pager message is a SMS message:

To: [sip:102@portsip.io;messagetype=SMS](mailto:sip:102@portsip.io;messagetype=SMS)

If the parameter "**messagetype**" is presented in the "**To**" header, and the value is "**SMS**", PBX will relay this pager to the configured SMS provider.

## 13.8 Rebranding

The PortSIP PBX allows you customize and rebrand it.

Click the menu "**Profile**" and choose the "**Rebranding**" tab, in this page, it will allows you enter the brand name, company name and upload logo file, you can simply have your own PBX.

Each Tenant can customize the PBX with his own brand name, logo.

If the tenant wish to display his own brand information, should open the web management console as this way:

<http://192.168.0.16:8888/login?tenantname=test>

In above link, the 192.168.0.16 is the PBX IP, the parameter tenantname is use for specify the tenant name, in case is for "test" tenant.

## Chapter 14. REST API

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PortSIP PBX offers the rich REST APIs. It allows you to implement your own web management for the PBX rather than the PBX itself, and enables you to easily integrate the PortSIP PBX with other system.

You can access the [REST API user guide](#) to learn more.

**Note:** The PortSIP PBX Web Management Console is built based on REST APIs.

### Calls related REST API

**/api/extensions/hold** - Allows use the REST API to hold a existing call by given extension number or by given extension number and call session ID.

**/api/extensions/refer** - Allows use the REST API to refer the existing call by give extension number or by given extension number and call session ID.

**/api/extensions/attended\_refer** - Allows use the REST API to attended refer the existing call by give extension number or by given extension number and call session ID.

**/api/extensions/sessions** - Allows use REST API to obtain all existing calls information by given extension number.

**/api/call\_sessions/create** - Initialize a call by given caller and callee number, the caller and callee will receive the incoming call, after answered, the call will be connected.

## Rewrite outbound caller ID

The outbound caller ID also known as CLI (Calling Line Identification), represents the phone number of the calling (A) party in a phone call. It can be the full phone number or just a partial representation (say, the last 4 digits) depending on the carrier, country and frame of mind of the switch jockey.

PortSIP PBX allows set the outbound caller ID when make outbound call - just add a SIP header into the INVITE message.

### Example

If added X-Outbound-CLI SIP header to the INVITE message and make call to PBX, once the PBX received call from client app, the PBX will rewrite INVITE message before send it to the trunk.

```
X-Outbound-CLI: rewrite-from=123
```

Above header will cause the PBX rewrite the username of the From header to 123 when sending INVITE to the trunk.

```
X-Outbound-CLI: rewrite-pai=456
```

Above header will cause the PBX add "**P-Asserted-Identity**" SIP header and set the username to 456 when sending INVITE to the trunk.

```
X-Outbound-CLI: rewrite-rpi=789
```

Above header will cause the PBX add "**Remote-Party-ID**" SIP header and set the username to 789 when sending INVITE to the trunk.

If you would like to rewrite above headers only on specify trunk, you can also add below parameter.

```
X-Outbound-CLI: rewrite-from=123;trunk-name:abc
```

Above header will cause the PBX rewrite the from header if the call is send to the trunk which named "**abc**"; If no "**trunk-name**" parameter, the PBX will rewrite INVITE message on all trunks.

## Chapter 15. Help

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Skype ID: portsip, the name is "PortSIP PBX"

Email: [support@portsip.com](mailto:support@portsip.com)

## Chapter 16. Best Practices for Deployment

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Sometimes a bad production deployment can ruin all the efforts you invested in a development process. This chapter aims to help you better understand how to deal with deployments in your scenario and provide some best practices for deployments.

## 16.1 Deploying PortSIP PBX in LAN

This is a simple but typical deployment mode, in which scenario the PortSIP PBX is deployed in LAN. Extensions from the same LAN will register to PBX and make calls to each other. With default settings, the SIP signaling and RTP streams (RTP packet for audio and video) are relayed by PBX.

In this deployment, when running the "**Setup Wizard**", in the step 1 you will need to enter the "**Private IPv4**" only.

## 16.2 Deploying PortSIP PBX in LAN and registering to public trunk

When the PBX is deployed in LAN, and yet it registers to a trunk that is located on Internet, the caller can make call from landline/mobile phone to the extension of PBX, and the extension can make call to a landline/mobile phone number.

This scenario requires the PBX server has a public static IP. When running the "**Setup Wizard**", in the step 1 enter the "**Private IPv4**" and "**Public IPv4**". The public IPv4 is the static public IP of the PBX server.

## 16.3 Deploying PortSIP PBX with SBC enabled

If your PortSIP PBX server has the static public IP, and do not wish to expose the topology to the public, then we can enable the SBC inbuilt with PortSIP PBX.

Please follow below steps to configure the SBC:

- Run "**Setup Wizard**". In the step 1, enter the private IPv4 and public IPV4
- Click menu "**Advanced > SBC**", select the "**Enabled SBC**", enter the port for "**SIP Signaling Port**" and "**STUN Port**" that you want to use or keep the default ports
- Click the "**Apply**" button

Once the SBC is configured, you can setup your firewall to disable all ports of the PBX server except for the "**SIP Signaling port**" and "**STUN Port**", "**STUN Port +1**". For example, if you set the "**SIP Signaling Port**" to 5080, and the "**STUN Port**" to 3478, you will need open the 5080, 3478, 3479 ports on your firewall, and you can block the other ports in firewall.

Now your client app / IP Phone may register to the PBX by sending the SIP message to the 5080 port.